'Poornima', IInd Floor, 25, State Bank Road, Bangalore - 560 001. Karnataka, India.

K. P. RAO H.N. ANIL MOHAN R LAVI K. VISWANATH S. PRASHANTH P. RAVINDRANATH

Phone : 080 - 25587385 / 25586814

Fax : 080 - 25594661 E-mail : info@kprao.co.in

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To
The Members of
NCC Urban Infrastructure Limited
Hyderabad

Report on the Standalone Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements of NCC Urban Infrastructure Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2023, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2023, and its profit (including other comprehensive income), changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the standalone Ind AS Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Algardance our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Algardance our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Algardance our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Algardance our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Algardance our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Algardance our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Algardance our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Algardance our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Algardance our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Algardance our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the code of Algardance our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Algardance our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the code of t

of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the standalone Ind AS financial statements.

Key Audit Matters (KAM)

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined that there are not key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these standalone Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position and financial performance of the Company and cash flows of the company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. This responsibility also includes the maintenance adequate accounting records in accordance with the provision of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting the frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone Ind AS financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibility for the audit of Standalone Ind AS financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone Indo AS financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether the to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions ALORE

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone Ind AS financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone Ind AS
 financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit
 procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
 sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
 detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one
 resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional
 omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone Ind AS financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone Ind AS financial statements including the disclosures, and whether the tinancial

BANGALORE FRN: 003/135S statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- A. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the **Annexure 1**, a statement on the matters specified in the paragraph 3 and 4 of the order.
- B. As required by section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
- a) we have obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit;
- in our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as appears from our examination of those books;
- the Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity and Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of accounts;
- d) in our opinion, the Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity, and Cash Flow

Statement comply with the Accounting Standards referred to in section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014;

- e) On the basis of written representations received from such directors, and taken on record by the Board of Directors, we report that none of the remaining directors are disqualified as on March 31, 2023, from being appointed as a director in terms of sub-section (2) of section 164 of the Act.
- f) with respect to the adequacy of internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure 2". Our Report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's financial controls over financial reporting.
- g) In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.
- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position in its Ind AS financial statements.
- The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
- iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund.
- iv. (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the Note 12.a to the accounts, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

- (b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of it's knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the Note 16.e to the accounts, no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- (c) Based on the audit procedures performed that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e) contain any material mis-statement.
- v. The Company has not made any dividend payment during the year.
- vi. As proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is applicable for the Company only with effect from April 1, 2023, reporting under this clause is not applicable.

For K.P. Rao and Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Reg. No: 0031355

Mohan R Lavi

Partner

Membership No.: 029340

UDIN: 23029340BGWHUN3961

BANGALORE FRN: 0031358

Place: Hyderabad Date: 2nd May, 2023

Annexure - 1 to the Auditors' Report

(Referred to in paragraph A under "Report on Other Legal Regulatory Requirements" section of our report of even date to the members of NCC Urban Infrastructure Limited

We report that:

- (i) (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records of fixed assets showing full records, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment.
 - (B) The Company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars of Intangible Assets.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, the fixed assets have been physically verified by the management at regular intervals. We were informed that no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification of fixed assets.
 - (c) The title deeds of all the immovable properties disclosed in the financial statements are in the name of the Company
 - (d) During the year, Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment.
 - (e) We have been informed that no proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the company for holding any Benami property under the "Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act", 1988 and Rules made thereunder
- (ii) (a) The company has conducted a physical verification of inventory as on the date of the financial statements and no material discrepancies were noticed on such a verification.
 - (b) The Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of Rs 5 crores from banks and financial institutions.

BANGALORE

(iii) The company has not made investments in, provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties.

- (iv) Loans, investments, guarantees and security in respect of which provisions of sections 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 are applicable have been complied with by the Company.
- (v) The Company has not accepted deposits to which directions issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of section 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 were applicable. Accordingly, reporting under clause (v) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable.
- (vi) The maintenance of cost records has been specified by the central government under section 148(1)(d). We have broadly reviewed the books of accounts maintained by the company pursuant to the rules made by the central government for maintenance of cost records under section 148 of the act, and are of the opinion that prima facie the prescribed accounts and records have been made and maintained.
- (vii) In respect of statutory dues:
 - (a) The Company is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employee state insurance, income tax, sales tax, service tax / Goods and service tax, duty of custom, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and any other statutory dues to the extent applicable to it with the appropriate authorities during the year.
 - (b) According to information and explanations given to us, there are no dues of income tax, GST, sales tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise or value added tax that have not been deposited on account of any dispute as at 31st March 2023.
- (viii) According to the information and explanations given to us, there were no transactions that were not recorded in the books of account that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.
- (ix) (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not defaulted in repayment of its dues to banks & financial institutions.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not been declared as a willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution.

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- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has generally applied term loans for the purposes for which they were obtained.
- (d) According to the information and explanations given to us, funds raised on short term basis have not been utilised for long term purposes
- (e) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures.
- (f) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies.
- (x) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not raised any monies, during the reporting period, by way of initial public offer (including debt instruments) or further public offer.
 - (b) The Company has not made preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully, partially or optionally convertible) during the year.
- (xi) (a) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India and according to the information and explanations given to us, no material fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of such a case by the management.
 - (b) No report under sub-Section (12) of Section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT- 4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules 2014 with the Central Government.
 - (c) We were informed by the management that there were no whistle-blower complaints that were received during the year.
- (xii) According to the information given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, reporting under clause (xii) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable.

- (xiii) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records, all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with Section 177 and Section 188 of the Act where applicable, and the details have been disclosed in the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements, as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv) In our opinion, the Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business. We have considered the reports of the internal auditor for the year ended 31st March 2023.
- (xv) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with any directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, reporting under clause (xv) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable.
- (xvi) (a) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934
 - (b) The company has not conducted any non-banking financial or housing finance activities during the year
 - (c) The company is not a core investment company as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India.
 - (d) As per the information and explanations given to us, there are no Core Investment Companies as part of the Group. Accordingly, the provisions of Para 3(xvi)(d) is not applicable to the company.
- (xvii) The Company has not incurred cash losses during the financial year and the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xviii) During the year, there were no resignations of the statutory auditors.
- (xix) On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans, we are of the opinion that no material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that company is capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date.

BANGALORE

(xx) In respect of other than ongoing projects, the company has no unspent amount to be transferred to Fund specified in Schedule VII to the Companies Act within a period of six months of the expiry of the financial year in compliance with second proviso to sub-section (5) of section 135 of the said Act.

For K.P. Rao and Co.

Chartered Accountants
Firm Reg. No: 00313550

Mohan R Lavi

Partner

Membership No.: 029340

UDIN: 23029340BGWHUN3961

BANGALORE FRN: 0031355

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Place: Hyderabad Date: 2nd May, 2023 "Annexure 2" to the Independent Auditors' Report

(Referred to in paragraph B(f) under "Report on Other Legal Regulatory Requirements" section of our report of even date to the members of NCC Urban Infrastructure Limited

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of NCC URBAN INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED as of March 31st 2023 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Candarde Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the andit to

obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgments, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalone Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of standalone Ind AS financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that:

- pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- 2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of standalone Ind AS financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and





3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2023, based on the Internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the "Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India". In our opinion, the present internal controls can be further strengthened considering the growth of the Company.

For K.P. Rao and Co.

Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No: 003135S_

Mohan R Lavi

Partner

Membership No.: 029340

UDIN: 23029340BGWHUN3961

BANGALORE FRN: 003135S

Place: Hyderabad Date: 2nd May, 2023

NCC URBAN INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED BALANCE SHEET AS AT MARCH 31, 2023

(Amount in crores) Description Notes As at March 31, 2023 As at March 31, 2022 ASSETS 1. Non-Current Assets (a) Property, Plant and Equipment 10.07 8.93 (b) Investment Property 4 9.12 7.04 (c) Financial Assets (i) Investments 5 115.11 113.03 (ii) Others 6 68.35 58.54 (d) Deferred Tax Assets(net) 4.49 2.22 (e) Other Non-Current Assets 7 2.24 2.24 209.38 191.99 2. Current Assets (a) Inventories 8 293.17 361.51 (b) Financial Assets (i) Trade and other receivables 62.10 65.15 (ii) Cash and cash equivalents 10 10.63 12.54 (iii) Bank balances other than (ii) above 11 3.66 6.17 (iv) Other current financial assets 12 3.24 1.46 (d) Other Current Assets 13 24.91 397.70 13.03 459.86 TOTAL 607.08 651.85 **EQUITY** 1. Equity (a) Equity Share capital 14 250.00 250.00 (b) Other Equity 15 132.54 88.66 382.54 338.66 LIABILITIES 2. Non-Current Liabilities (a) Financial Liabilities Borrowings 16 1.01 33.15 (b) Provisions 17 4.98 4.27 6.00 37.42 3. Current Liabilities (a) Financial Liabilities (i) Borrowings 18 41.02 102.52 (ii) Trade payables and small enterprises 0.06 0.22 creditors other than micro and small enterprises 19 68.77 41.55 (iii) Other current financial liabilities 20 11.84

Corporate information and significant accounting policies 1 & 2 See accompanying notes to the financial statements

> BANGALORE FRN: 003135S

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Total

As per our report of even date attached

(b) Current Tax Liabilities(net)

(d) Other Current Liabilities

(c) Provisions

for K.P.Rao & Co.

Chartefed Accountants FRN 003135S

Mohan R J

Partner Membership No: 029340 for and on behalf of the Board

7.22

0.33

89.31

N.R.Alluri

21

22

23

Managing Director DIN:00026723

Chief Financial Officer

G.Srinivasa Rao

J.S.R.Raju

11.30

1.49

0.43

275.77

651.85

118.27

218.54

607.08

Director DIN:01158196

any Secretary

Hyderabad: May 02, 2023

NCC URBAN INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

(Amount in crores) Year Ended Description Notes Year Endect March 31, 2023 March 31, 2022 INCOME Revenue from operations 24 361.53 343.42 Other income 25 8.38 6.39 Total Income 369.91 349.81 **EXPENSES** Cost of materials consumed 26 189.24 153.12 Changes in inventories of finished goods, stock-in-trade and 27 71.19 104.49 work-in-progress Employees benefit expenses 28 20.23 14.48 Finance costs 29 7.89 29.09 Depreciation and amortization expense 3 & 4 2.15 1.88 Other expenses 30 30.22 15.06 Total Expenses 320.92 318.13 Profit/(Loss) Before Exceptional Items and Tax 48.99 31.68 Exceptional Items Profit/(Loss) Before Tax 48.99 31.68 Share of profit/(loss) from Limited Liability Partnership Firms 0.01 -0.01 Profit/(Loss) Before Tax 49.01 31,67 Less: Tax Expense - Current Tax 7.17 4.40 - Deferred Tax -2.20 9.26 4.96 13.66 Profit/(Loss) for the period 44.04 18.02 Profit/(Loss) for the Period from discontinued operations Other Comprehensive Income Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans(Loss/(Gain)) 0.23 0.10 Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss -0.06 -0.03 Total Other Comprehensive Income 0.16 0.07 Total Comprehensive Income for the Period 43.88 17.95 Earnings per Share of face value of Rs. 10/- each Basic 1.76 0.72 Diluted 1.76 0.72 Corporate information and significant accounting policies 1 & 2 See accompanying notes to the financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

BANGALORE

FRN: 003135S

for K.P.Rao & Co.

Chartered Accountants

FRN 003135S

Mohan R Lavi

Partner

Membership No: 029340

for and on behalf of the Board

N.R.Alluri

Managing Director

DIN:00026723

J.S.R.Raju

Director

DIN:01158196

G.Srinivasa Rao Chief Financial Officer

al Officer

Company Secretary

Hyderabad: May 02, 2023

NCC URBAN INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

(Amount in crores)

		Year Ended	(Amount in crores
	Description	March 31, 2023	Year Ended March 31, 2022
A C	ach Elem Constitution	March 31, 2023	Water 31, 2022
	ash Flow from operating activities: Net Profit before taxation	7.55-76	
1	Adjustment for	48.78	31.5
	Depreciation/Amortisation	DEWINE.	
	Provision for gratuity and leave encashment	2.15	1.8
	Interest and Finance charges	0.61	0.7
		7.89	29.0
	Net (Gain)/Loss on foreign currency transactions	0.09	0.0
	Loss/(Profit) on sale of assets	-0.03	
(Operating Profit before Working Capital Changes	59.49	63.3
	Adjustment for changes in		
	Trade and other receivables	-26.65	16.0
	Inventories	68.35	100.98
	Trade payables and other liabilities	-1.44	22.70
	Cash used in operations	99.75	203.13
2	Taxes Paid	4.77	1.20
N	let cash generated in Operating Activities	104.52	204.32
. C	ash Flow from Investing Activities:	W.	
	Movement in PPE	-3.04	-2.97
	Movement in Investment property	-2.30	0.03
	Investments in subsidiaries/Associates	-2.08	-0.02
N	et cash used in Investing activities	-7.42	-2.97
. Ca	sh flow from Financing activities:		
	Proceeds from issue of Shares		100
	Long term funds (repaid)/borrowed	-31.48	-23.93
	Proceeds from/(Repayment of) short term borrowings	-20.98	9.45
	Proceeds from/(Repayment to) parent company-long term borrowings	-22.31	-127.18
	Proceeds from/(Repayment to)other corporates-short term borrowings	-18.21	-28.90
	Repayments to other corporates-short term borrowings		20.20
	Construction Equipment Finance	-0.66	1.67
	Interest paid	-7.89	-29.63
N	et cash used in Financing Activities	-101.53	-198.51
et cl	nange in Cash and Cash Equivalents (A+B+C)	-4.43	2.84
ish a	nd Cash Equivalents (Opening Balance)	. 18.71	15.87
ısh a	nd Cash Equivalents (Closing Balance)	14.28	18.71

As per our report of even date attached

RAO

BANGALORE

FRN: 003135S

PED ACCO

for K.P.Rao & Co.

Chartered Accountants

FRN 003135S

Mohan R Lavi

Partner

Membership No: 029340

for and on behalf of the Board

N.R.Alluri

Managing Director

DIN:00026723

J.S.R.Raju Director

DIN:01158196

G.Srinivasa Rao

Chief Financial Officer

Rajesh Kumar Yadav Company Secretary

Hyderabad: May 02, 2023

NCC URBAN INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

A. EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL

	nun	(Amount in crores)
Description	No of Shares	Amount
Balance as at March 31, 2021	25,00,00,000	250.00
Add: Equity shares allotted during the year	-	-
Balance at March 31, 2022 Add: Equity shares allotted during the period	25,00,00,000	250.00
Balance at March 31, 2023	25,00,00,000	250.00

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B. OTHER EQUITY

Particulars	9	Reserves and Surplus	Items of other comprehensive income	(Amount in erores	
	Retained Earnings	General Reserve	Security Premium	Actuarial Gain / (Loss)	1 ocai
Balance at March 31, 2021 Profit for the year	9,29 18.02	12.50	49.20	-0.28	70.7 18.0
Security Premium on issue of Equity Share Capital Other comprehensive income for the year Balance at March 31, 2022 Profit for the period Security Premium on issue of Equity Share Capital	27.31 +4.04	12.50	- - 49.20 -	-0.07 -0.35	-0.0 88.6 44.0
Other comprehensive income for the period Balance at March 31, 2023	71.35	12.50	49.20	-0.16 -0.51	-0.14 1.32.5

As per our report of even date attached

for K.P.Rao & Co.

Chartered Accountants FRN 003135S

Mohan R Lavi

Partner Membership No: 029340 for and on behalf of the Board

N.R.Alluri

Managing Director DIN:00026723 J.S.R.Raju Director

DIN:01158196

Hyderabad: May 02, 2023

G.Srinivasa Rao Chief Financial Officer Rajes Kumar Yadav Company Secretary

NOTE 1: CORPORATE INFORMATION

NCC Urban Infrastructure Limited ("the Company") was incorporated during 2005-2006 in Hyclerabad. The Company is engaged in building/developing Residential/Commercial Buildings in various locations across India. The Company is a subsidiary of NCC Limited.

NOTE 2: ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Significant accounting policies:

2.1. Statement of compliance

The financial statements comply in all material aspects with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016 as applicable.

2.2. Basis of preparation & presentation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period.

2.3. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions. These estimates, judgments and assumptions affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Application of accounting policies require critical accounting estimates involving complex and subjective judgments and the use of assumptions in these financial statements. Accounting estimates could change from period to period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Appropriate changes in estimates are made as management becomes aware of changes in circumstances surrounding the estimates. Changes in estimates are reflected in the financial statements in the period in which changes are made and, if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

2.4. Property, plant and equipment:

Property, plant and equipment are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. The cost of property, plant and equipment comprises of purchase price, applicable duties and taxes, any directly attributable expenditure on making the asset ready for its intended use, other incidental expenses and interest on borrowings attributable to acquisition of qualifying fixed assets, upto the date the asset is ready for its intended use.

Property, plant and equipment retired from active use and held for sale are stated at the lower of their net book value and net realizable value and are disclosed separately.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is included in profit or loss for the period.

For transition into Ind AS, the company has elected to continue with the carrying value of all its property, plant and equipment recognized as of April 1, 2015 (transition date) measured as per the previous GAAP and use that carrying value as its deemed cost as of the transition date.

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2.5. Investment property:

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation (including AO property under construction for such purposes). Investment properties are measured initially at Construction for such purposes.

including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured in accordance with the Ind AS16's requirement for cost model.

An investment property is derecognized upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no further economic benefits expected from disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the property is included in profit or loss in the period in which the property is derecognized.

2.6. Depreciation & Amortization:

Depreciation on Property, plant and equipment and Investment property is being provided in the manner and on straight Line method as per the useful lives as specified in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 on all the assets except for Construction Accessories, which were depreciated over 5 years, based on the management's estimate of useful life of such assets.

No depreciation is charged on capital work in progress and free hold land.

2.7. Financial instruments:

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognized immediately in profit or loss.

Cash and cash equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid financial instruments, which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash that are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value and having original maturities of three months or less from the date of purchase, to be cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents consist of balances with banks which are unrestricted for withdrawal and usage.

Financial assets at amortized cost

Financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost if these financial assets are held within a business whose objective is to hold these assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Financial assets are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if these financial assets are held within a business whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows, on specified dates that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding and selling financial assets.

The Company has made an irrevocable election to present in other comprehensive income subsequent changes in the fair value of equity investments not held for trading.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets are measured at fair value through profit or loss unless it is measured at amortized cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income on initial recognition. The transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are immediately recognized in statement of profit and loss.

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Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is a contract that evidences residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities.

Equity instruments recognized by the Company are recognized at the proceeds received net off direct issue cost

2.8. Impairment of Assets:

Property, plant and equipment: Intangible assets and property, plant and equipment are evaluated for recoverability whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. For the purpose of impairment testing, the recoverable amount (i.e. the higher of the fair value less cost to sell and the value-in-use) is determined on an individual asset basis unless the asset does not generate cash flows that are largely independent of those from other assets. In such cases, the recoverable amount is determined for the CGU to which the asset belongs.

If such assets are considered to be impaired, the impairment to be recognized in the statement of profit and loss is measured by the amount by which the carrying value of the assets exceeds the estimated recoverable amount of the asset. An impairment loss is reversed in the statement of profit and loss if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. The carrying amount of the asset is increased to its revised recoverable amount, provided that this amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any accumulated amortization or depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years.

Financial Assets: The Company recognizes loss allowances using the expected credit loss (ECL) model for the financial assets which are not fair valued through profit or loss. Loss allowance for trade receivables with no significant financing component is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECL. For all other financial assets, expected credit losses are measured at an amount equal to the 12-month ECL, unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk from initial recognition in which case those are measured at lifetime ECL. The amount of expected credit losses (or reversal) that is required to adjust the loss allowance at the reporting date to the amount that is required to be recognized is recognized as an impairment gain or loss in statement of profit or loss.

2.9. Inventories

a. Raw Materials:

Raw Materials, Construction materials and stores and spares are valued at weighted average cost. Cost excludes refundable duties and taxes.

b. Work-in-progress:

- Completed properties held for sale are stated at the actual cost or net realizable value, whichever is lower.
- ii. Construction work-in-progress is valued at cost. Cost is sales value less estimated profit margin.

c. Property Development:

Properties held for sale or development is valued at cost. Cost comprises cost of land and direct development expenditure.

2.10. Borrowing cost

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the construction of qualifying inventory capitalized as part of their costs. Borrowing costs are considered as part of the inventory cost when the activities that are necessary to prepare the assets for their intended sale are in progress. Borrowing costs consist of interest

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and other costs incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Other borrowing costs are recognized as an expense, in the period in which they are incurred.

2.11. Revenue Recognition:

Revenue from contracts with customers:

The Company recognizes revenue from its contracts with customers after identifying the contract, identifying the performance obligations in the contract, determining transaction price, allocating transaction price to the performance obligations and recognizing revenue as and when the performance obligations are satisfied. The company is required to assess each of its contracts with customers to determine whether performance obligations are satisfied over time or at a point in time in order to determine the appropriate method of recognizing revenue.

Interest Income:

Interest income from a financial asset is recognized when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the company and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

2.12. Employee Benefits:

Liability for Employee benefits both short and Long Term, for present and past services as per the terms of employment are recorded in accordance with Ind AS 19 "Employee Benefits" notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015.

a. Retirement benefit costs and termination benefits:

Payment to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognized as expenses when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

For defined benefit retirement benefit plans, the cost of providing benefits is determined using the projected unit credit method, with actuarial valuations being carried out at the end of each annual reporting period. Remeasurement, comprising actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the changes to the asset ceiling (if applicable) and the return on plan assets (excluding net interest), is reflected immediately in the balance sheet with a charge or credit recognized in other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur. Remeasurement recognized in other comprehensive income is reflected immediately in retained earnings and is not reclassified to profit or loss. Past service cost is recognized in profit or loss in the period of a plan amendment. Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate at the beginning of the period to the net defined benefit liability or asset.

b. Provident Fund

Contribution to Provident fund (a defined contribution plan) made to Regional Provident Fund Commissioner are recognized as expense.

c. Compensated Absences:

The employees are entitled to accumulate leave subject to certain limits, for future encashment, as per the policy of the Company.

The liability towards such unutilized leave as at the end of each balance sheet date is determined based on independent actuarial valuation and is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.



2.13. Taxes:

Income tax expense represents sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax

Current Tax:

Current tax is the amount of tax payable on the taxable income for the year as determined in accordance with the applicable tax rates and the provisions of the Income-tax Act, 1961 and other applicable tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred Taxes:

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognized if the temporary differences arise from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit. In addition, deferred tax liabilities are not recognized if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of goodwill.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realized, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the company expects, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Current and deferred tax for the year

Current and deferred tax are recognized in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

2.14. Cash Flow Statement:

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit/ (loss) is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated based on the available information.

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits with banks. Cash equivalents are short-term balances (with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

2.15. Earnings Per Share:

The earnings considered in ascertaining the company's Earnings per share (EPS) comprise the net profit / (loss) after tax. The number of shares used in computing Basic EPS is the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period/year.



2.16. Leases:

The Company recognises assets and liabilities for all leases with a term of more than 12 months, unless the underlying asset is of low value. The Company is required to recognise a right-of-use asset representing its right to use the underlying leased asset and a lease liability representing its obligation to make lease payments.

The Company measures right-of-use assets similarly to other non-financial assets (such as property, plant and equipment) and lease liabilities similarly to other financial liabilities. As a consequence, the Company recognises depreciation of the right-of-use asset and interest on the lease liability. The depreciation would usually be on a straight-line basis.

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. The measurement includes non-cancellable lease payments (including inflation-linked payments), and also includes payments to be made in optional periods if the Company is reasonably certain to exercise an option to extend the lease, or not to exercise an option to terminate the lease

2.17. Fair value measurement

The Company measures certain financial instruments at fair value at each reporting date. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

a. In the principal market for the asset or liability, or

b. In the absence of principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest. The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

2.18. Operating cycle:

The Company adopts operating cycle based on the project period and accordingly all project related assets and liabilities are classified into current and non-current. Other than project related assets and liabilities, 12 months period is considered as normal operating cycle.

2.19. Provisions, Contingent liabilities and Contingent assets

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Company will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognized as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (when the effect of the time value of money is material).

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, a receivable is recognized as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made.



A contingent asset is a possible asset that may arise because of a gain that is contingent on future events that are not under an entity's control. Existence of the contingent asset is required to be disclosed when the inflow of economic benefits is probable.

2.20. Recent Accounting Pronouncements-

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. On March 3 1, 2023, MCA amended the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2023, as below:

Ind AS 1 - Presentation of Financial Statements - This amendment requires the entities to disclose their material accounting policies rather than their significant accounting policies. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2023. The Company has evaluated the amendment and the impact of the amendment is insignificant in the standalone Financial statements.

Ind AS 8 - Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors - This amendment has introduced a definition of 'accounting estimates' and included amendments to Ind AS 8 to help entities distinguish changes in accounting policies from changes in accounting estimates. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2023. The Company has evaluated the amendment and there is no impact on its standalone financial statements.

Ind AS 12 - Income Taxes - This amendment has narrowed the scope of the initial recognition exemption so that it does not apply to transactions that give rise to equal and offsetting temporary differences. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2023. The Company has evaluated the amendment and there is no impact on its standalone financial statement.



NCC URBAN INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED

Notes forming part of the Financial Statements as at March 31, 2023

NOTE: 3 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Description	Plant and	Constantion	E					(Amoun	(Amount in crores)
	Machinery	Accessories	Loois and Equipment	Othee Equipment	Furniture and Fixtures	Construction Vehicles	Office Vehicles	Lease Hold Improvements	Total
Cost as at April 1, 2022	14.31	10.51	155.0	181	0.03	c			
Additions	35	1.21	-		0.00	0.42		1.06	30.83
Disposals	210	17:1	0.12	0.21	0.08	•	0.01	8	3.08
	0.10		Č.		*				0.16
Cost as at March 31, 2023	15.50	11.81	19:0	2.02	101	CL O	1 26	1.00	21.00
Accumulated depreciation April 1, 2022	898	77.8	000			21.0			23.72
		3	0.44	0.1	0.70	0.18	0.72	0.92	21.90
Depreciation for the period	06'0	92.0	0.04	0.08	0.02	0.04	80.0	0.01	1.03
Depreciation on deletions	0.15	1						10:0	25.7
Accumulated depreciation March 31, 2023	9.43	9.53	0.27	172	87.0	0.00			0.15
					5	V.65		76.0	72.08
Net Carrying amount as at March 31, 2023	6.07	2.28	0.40	0.30	0.23	0.20	0.46	0.13	10.01



NCC URBAN INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED

Notes forming part of the Financial Statements as at March 31, 2023

NOTE: 4 INVESTMENT PROPERTY

Description	Land	Building	(Amount in crores)
Cost as at April 01, 2022	2.16	5.72	7.88
Additions		WW. 609	
Disposals		2.30	2.30
Cost as at March 31, 2023	2.16	9.02	
Accumulated depreciation April 1, 2022		8.02	10,18
Depreciation for the period		0.84	0.84
Depreciation on deletions		0.22	0.22
Accumulated depreciation March 31, 2023			
recommutated depreciation March 51, 2025	* -	1.06	1.06
Net Carrying amount as at March 31, 2023	2.16	7.00	
Fair value of the investment properties	2,10	6.96	9.12

The fair value of the investment properties as at March 31, 2023 Rs 53, crores and as at March 31, 2022 Rs, 53 crores have been arrived at on the basis of a valuation carried out as on the respective dates. For the buildings given under operating lease which are located in India, the fair value was derived using the market comparable approach based on recent market prices without any significant adjustments being made to the market observable data.

In estimating the fair value of the properties, the highest and best use of the properties is their current use. Details of the investment properties and information about the fair value hierarchy as at March 31, 2023, March 31,2022, are as follows:

	Level 2	Level 3	Fair value as at 31.03.2023
Investment Property	9.12	-	9.12
Total	9.12		9.12

	Level 2	Level 3	Fair value as at 31.03.2022
Investment Property	7.04		7.04
l'otal	7.04		7.04



NCC URBAN INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED Notes Forming part of the Financial Statements as at March 31, 2023

Amount in crores)

	As at Marc	th 31, 2023	(Amount in As at Marc	crores)
Particulars	Nos.	Rupees	Nos	
NOTE - 5	21001	Rupees	1108	Rupees
NON-CURRENT INVESTMENTS				
A)INVESTMENTS CARRIED AT COST				
Fully paid equity shares (unquoted) - (Refer Note 1)		115.11		113.0
B)DETAILS OF INVESTMENTS		1		
IN TRADE INVESTMENTS				
IN WHOLLY OWNED SUBSIDIARIES	N 4			
In Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each, fully paid up (Unquoted)		1		
CSVS Property Developers Private Limited	50,000	1.83	50,000	1.8
Dhatri Developers Private Limited	1,00,000	7.55	1,00,000	6.4
JIC Homes Private Limited	50,000	1.84	50,000	1.8
M A Property Developers Private Limited	50,000	1.76	50,000	1.7
Mallelavanam Property Developers Private Limited	50,000	1.00	50,000	1.00
Sushanti Housing Private Limited	50,000	1.76	50,000	
Sushrutha Real Estate Private Limited	1,00,000	2.30	1,00,000	1.7
Sushanti Avenues Private Limited	1,00,000	5.39	1,00,000	2.30
Vera Avenues Private Limited	50,000	1.42	50,000	4.69
NCC Urban Ventures Private Limited	10,000	0.02	10,000	1.42
NCC Urban Homes Private Limited	10,000	0.02	10,000	0.02
IN LIMITED LIABILITY PARTNERSHIP	6			
Capital Contribution			Į.	
AKHS Homes LLP				
Sri Raga Nivas Property Developers LLP		3.11		3.11
VSN Property Developers LLP		3.35		3.35
Kedarnath Real Estates LLP		3.35		3.35
Nandyala Real Estates LLP		1.40	1	1.37
PRG Estates LLP	1 1	2.79		2.76
Thrilekya Real Estates LLP		1.45		1.33
Varma Infrastructure LLP		1.55		1.55
valua intastructure LLF		1.71		1.68
IN ASSOCIATE				
In Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each, fully paid up (Unquoted)				
Varapradha Real Estates Private Limited	1,33,44,973	71.50	1,33,44,973	71.50
Total		449.31		
1 Otal		115.11		113.03

Note 1: Investments in wholly owned subsidiaries and limited liability partnership firms include interest free unsecured loans of Rs. 34.27 crores as at March 31, 2023 (as at March 31, 2022, Rs 32.207 crores)

These loans are equity support and capital contribution in nature and given for the purpose of investments in the assets of the respective entities and are repayable as and when such assets are liquidated.

In view of the same, the said loans/capital contribution given were treated as investments and added to the initial cost of the equity instruments



NCC URBAN INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED Notes forming part of the Financial Statements as at March 31, 2023

(Amount in crores)

Notes Description No As at March 31, 2023 As at March 31, 2022 6 OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS Deposits - Joint Development (refer 6.a) 61.69 58.04 Deposits - Utilities and Others 6.60 0.50 Total 68.35 Deposits-Joint Development represents deposits with respective land owners against registered Joint Development 6.a (JDAs)/Memorandum of Understanding(MOU). The lands under respective JDA's/MOU are in the possession of the company. The Company is A greements assessing the market scenario and accordingly initiate execution of the project/s at an appropriate time. Deposits - Joint development =are interest free, refundable deposits. OTHER NON-CURRENT ASSETS Advances for Purchase of Land (refer 7.a) 2.24 2.24 Total Advances for Purchase of Land represent advances paid towards two properties during the years from 2005-2006 to 2008-2009, in respect of which agreements have expired. Company is confident of negotiating with the respective vendors for extension of the agreements and/or registration as per mutually agreed terms or for recovery of advances. 8 INVENTORIES Materials 22.41 17.17 Work-in-progress 236.88 323.90 Finished Goods - Tiles Trading 0.10 2.49 Property & Development Cost 33.78 17.95 Total 293.17 361.51 9 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (unsecured, considered good) Trade receivables 62.10 65.15 Total 62.10 65.15 Schedule III requirements: Ageing of Undisputed Trade receivables - considered good (Amount in crores)
As at March 31, 2022 Description As at March 31, 2023 Less than 6 months 46.36 47.25 6 months - 1 year 12.51 13.6 1 -2 years 3.23 4.2 2 -3 years More than 3 years Total 62.10 65.15 Disputed Trade Receivables - Nil (Amount in crores) Notes No As at March 31, 2023 As at March 31, 2022 10 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS: Cash on Hand 0.07 0.06 Balances with Scheduled Banks: - in Current Account 10.56 12.48 Total 10.63 12.54 BANK BALANCES OTHER THAN ABOVE 11 Balances with Scheduled Banks: - in Deposit Account (Lodged Margin Money Deposits with banks for guarantees 3.45 5.12 issued) (refer note no. 11.a) Other Deposits 0.21 1.05 Rs. 0.360/- crores equal to three months interest in DSRA account as per the Facility terms with ICICI and Rs. 0.28 crores kept as margin amount towards 3.66 11.a bank guarantee availed from Karnataka Bank) 12 OTHER CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSETS (Unsecured, considered good) Retention Money 2.54 0.76 Advances recoverable in cash or kind or for value to be 0.70 0.70 Total 12.a No funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or 3.24 m any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermedianes"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the In any other persons) or entirytes), mentaing integri entiries (intermediates), while the understanding, whether recorded in wining or otherwise, that the Intermediaty shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entiries identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ulfinate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries OTHER CURRENT ASSETS Other Loans and Advances (Unsecured, considered good) Advances to Suppliers, Sub-contractors and Others 13.28 7.64 Taxes with Statutory authorities 11.59 5.37 Prepaid Expenses 0.05 0.03 24.91 13.03

RAO & CO BANGALORE SO FRN: 0031355

NCC URBAN INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED

Notes forming part of the Financial Statements as at March 31, 2023

NOTE 15: OTHER EQUITY

Particulars		eserves and Surplu	Items of other comprehensive income	nount in crores Total	
	Retained Earnings	General Reserve	Security Premium	Actuarial Gain / (Loss)	
Balance at March 31, 2021 Profit for the year Security Premium on issue of Equity Share Capital	9.29 18.02	12.50	49.20	-0.28	70.7 7
Other comprehensive income for the year Balance at March 31, 2022 Profit for the period Security Premium on issue of Equity Share Capital	27.31 44.04	12.50	49.20	-0.0 7 -0.3 5	-0.07 88.66 44.04
Other comprehensive income for the period Balance at March 31, 2023	71.35	12.50	49.20	-0.1 6 -0.5 1	-0.16 132.5 4



NCC URBAN INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED Notes Forming part of the Financial Statements as at March 31, 2023

(Amount in crores) Description As at March 31, 2023 No As at March 31, 2022 14 SHARE CAPITAL 250,000,000 Equity Shares of Rs.10/-each 250.00 250.00 250.00 250.00 Issued, Subscribed and Paid up 250,000,000 Equity Shares of Rs 10/-each fully paid 250,00 250.00 250.00 Reconciliation of the number of Shares Outstanding As at March 31, 2023 As at March 31, 2022 Description Number of Shares Number of Shares At the beginning of the period 25,00,00,000 Issued during the year At the end of the period 25,00,00,000 25,000,00,000 The company has only one class of shares - Equity shares having a par value of Rs. 10/- per each share. Each holder of equity share is entitleed to one The company has only one cass of shares - Equity shares having a par value of its: 10/- per each share. Each noncer of equity share is entitled to one vote per share. The dividend proposed by the Board is subject to approval by the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting. In the event of liquidation, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive any of the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the numbers of equity shares held by the share holder. Shares held by the Holding Company: As at March 31, 2023 As at March 31, 2022 Number Number Amount (Rs.) Amount (Rs.) CC LIMITED - Holding Company 20,00,00,000 200.00 20,00,00,000 Details of shareholders holding more than 5% of shares in the Company; As at March 31, 2023 As at March 31, 2022 Name of Shareholder of Shares held % of Holding No. of Shares held % of Hobling NCC LIMITED - Holding Company 20,00,00,000 80% 20,00,00,000 Mr. Narayana Raju Alluri 5,00,00,000 5,00,00,000 20% 25,00,00,000 100% 20,00,00,000 100%

Notes				(Amount in	crores)
No	Description	Non - Current	Current	Non - Current	Current
140	Distriction of the Control of the Co	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2023	As at Murch 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2022
16	BORROWINGS				
	A) Secured Term Loan				
- 1	Secured Term Loan - Standard Chartered Bank (refer 16.a.i & a.ii) Less: Disclosed under Current Liabilines			31.48	
- 1	Construction Equipment Loan - ICICI Bank (refer 16.b)	1.01	* 1	1.67	
	Secured Term Loan - ICICI Bank (refer 16.c) Less : Disclosed under Current Liabilities	3	4.41	1.67	9.7
	B) Unsecured From Holding company - (refer 16.d)		-4.41		-9.7
	Less: Disclosed under Current Liabilities	3	22 1		22 3
- 1	A STATE OF THE STA	3	+	•	-22.3
-	Total	¢ 1.01	-	33.15	

16.a.i The company entered into a Facility Agreement with Standard Chartered Bank for availing term loan aggregating to Rs 65 Crores tobe utilised towards project development expenses of NCC Urban Mayfair Project, Yellianka, Bengaluru North Taluk, Karnataka.

The Loan has a tenor of 60 months with moratorium of 30 months followed by equated quarterly repayments commencing from 21st April 2023 The rate of interest aggregates to 10.04%.

(a) First and Exclusive charge on Developer's share of land and constructed property of the Project NCC Urban Mayfair situated at Puttenahalli Village, Yelhanka, Bengaluru North Taluk, Karnataka.

(b) Exclusive charge on cash flows (receivables) generated from developer's share of the Project
 (c) Corporate Guarantee of NCC Limited

(d) ISRA in the form of lien-marked Fixed Deposit of an amount equivalent to 1 month interest of the total facility.

(e) The Facility was closed during the Financial year through refinancing.

16.a.ii The Company has entered into another Facility agreement with Standard Chartered Bank for a term loan aggregating to Rs.95 Crores with inner Over Draft limit of 26 Crores.

The Loan has a tenor of 46 months with moratorium of 27 months followed by equated quarterly repayments commencing from 24th April 2023.

- (a) First and Exclusive charge on Developer's share of land and constructed property of the Project NCC Urban Mayfair situated at Puttenahalli
 (b) Exclusive charge on cash flows (receivables) generated from developer's share of the Project

(c) Letter of Comfort from NCC Limited

(d) ISRA in the form of lien-marked Fixed Deposit of an amount equivalent to 1 month interest of the total facility.

(e) The Facility was closed during the Financial Year.

Construction Equipment Loan ICICI Bank - Loans availed for purchase of Construction Equipments are secured by hypothecation of Construction Equipment acquired out of the said loans. These loans carry an interest rate of 7.30 % and repayable in 34 structured monthly installments.



NCC URBAN INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED

Notes Forming part of the Financial Statements as at March 31, 2023

The Company has entered into a Facility agreement with ICICI Bank for a term loan aggregating to Rs.15 Crores with inner Over Draft limit of Rs. 2

The critical company 2.5 mg. The rate of interest 9.50%, repayable with 12 monthly installments from November 15, 2022. DSR equal to 3 months interest to be maintained. 16.d Unsecured Loan from Holding Company carry an interest rate of 11% p.a. The said Loan from NCC Limited is repaid during the Financial Year. 16.e No funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the underestanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identifies d in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

As at March 31, 2023 As at March 31, 2022	Description	Notes			
2022	As at march 31,	17,5000		to the second se	No
2.7 1.5		3.34 1.64		PROVISIONS: for Granuity for Leave Encashment	17
4.3		4.98		Total	
15.0	32.05		441	BORROWINGS A) Secured Term Loan - Aditya Birla Finance Limited - (refer 18.a) B) Unsecured From Directors (refer 18.b) Current manufities of long term borrowings - (refer 16) From Other Corporates (refer 18.b)	18
	54.82	11.02	36.61	Thin Chia Conjunies (telet fall)	
86.8		41.02		Total	
102.5	ted for availing term !	ra Birla Finance Limite	oan Agreement with Adir	The company during the Financial year 2020-21, entered into a Li	LOLA
oan aggregation ring the period interest rate of interest rate of interest rate of	nanding was repaid di rère disbursed with an Facility is repaid duri an Associate to the Co at. The Unsecured loan	my Shares. Total outst which 15.64 crores we er 31, 2022. The said I ates Pvt Ltd which is a e date of disbursement	securing Prompter Comp ir Rs. 15.90 erores against e said Facility is till Octob i and Varapradha Real Est period of one year from th	The company during the Financial year 2020-21, entered into a Leto Rs 30 crores. Term Loan carry an interest rate of 11.50% by s and the Company has requested for renewal for the term loan for 9.50% by securing Prompter Company Shares. The validity of the Year. The Company has availed an Unsecured loan from Mr. NR. Alluri carries an interest @11% per annum and shall be repaid within a p Alluri is repaid during the Financial year 2021-22.	18.ь
oan aggregation ring the period interest rate of interest rate of interest rate of	nanding was repaid di rère disbursed with an Facility is repaid duri an Associate to the Co at. The Unsecured loan	my Shares. Total outst which 15.64 crores we er 31, 2022. The said I ates Pvt Ltd which is a e date of disbursement	securing Prompter Comp ir Rs. 15.90 erores against e said Facility is till Octob i and Varapradha Real Est period of one year from th	and the Company has requested for renewal for the term loan for 9.50% by securing Prompter Company Shares. The validity of the Year. The Company has availed an Unsecured loan from Mr. NR. Alluri carries an interest @11% per annum and shall be repaid within a new particular terms.	18.ь
oan aggregation ring the period interest rate of g the Financia mpany. It a from Mr. NE	nanding was repaid di rère disbursed with an Facility is repaid duri an Associate to the Co at. The Unsecured loan	my Shares. Total outst which 15.64 crores we er 31, 2022. The said I stes Pvt Ltd which is a: e date of disbursement carries an interest @1	securing Prompter Comp ir Rs. 15.90 erores against e said Facility is till Octob i and Varapradha Real Est period of one year from th	and the Company has requested for renewal for the term loan for 9.50% by securing Prompter Company Shares. The validity of the Year. The Company has availed an Unsecured loan from Mr. NR. Alluri carries an interest @11% per annum and shall be repaid within a p Alluri is repaid during the Financial year 2021-22.	18.ь

Description		Less than I year	1 -2 years	2 -3 years	More than 3 years	(Amount in crores) Total
(i) (ii)	MSME Others	0.06				03
m).	Disputed dues-MSME	44.63	18,58	5.34	0.21	68.
iv)	Disputed dues other			3		8
Tota	il	44.69	18,58	5.34	0.21	

Desc	ription	Less than I year	1-2 years	2 -3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) (ii) (iv)	MSME Others Disputed dues-MSME Disputed dues other	0.22 30.79	9.45	1.20	0.11	0.2 41.5
Tota	ıl	31.01	9.45	1.20	0.11	41.7

				(Amou	int in crores)
20	OTHER CURRENT FINANCIAL LIABILITIES				
	Interest due but not paid		0.03		
	Retention Money		11.81		0.0
	Total		- Thirties and the		11.20
21	CURRENT TAX LIABILITIES		11.84		11.30
	Provision for Income Tax	1		1	
	(Net of Advance Tax & Tax deduction at Source)		7.22		1.49
	Total	-	7.00		
22	PROVISIONS		7.22		1.49
	Employee benefits				
	Genuity	0.07		2.22	
	Leave Facashment	0.26	0.33	0.15	
	Total	100830	0.33	17.20	0.43
23	OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES		0.00		0.43
-	Advance from Customers		56.58		97.47
	Advance from Others	8 9	28.71		13.77
	Statutory Dues	1	4.02		
	Total		89.31		7.02



NCC URBAN INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED Notes Forming part of the Financial Statements as at March 31, 2023

Notes	Description	Year Ended M	arch 31, 2023	Year Ended N	mount in crore
No			,	Tem Brided I	Taren 31, 202
24	REVENUE FROM	1			
	Real Estate Division	269.89		286.93	
	Tiles Trading Division	0.01			
	Works Contracts	107.20		68.12	
	Maintenance Income	8.84		6.88	
			385.94		361.
	Less: GST, Service Tax and VAT	1	23.75		18.
	Less: Rebates		0.66		0.
	Total	-	361.53	-	2.42
0.5	OM************************************		301.33		343.4
25	OTHER INCOME Interest income - from Banks/Others		0.00		
	Profit/(Loss) on sale of Assets		0.30		0.
	Rental Income from Investment Property		0.03		0.0
	Net Gain/(Loss) on foreign currency transactions		4.36	1	2
	Miscellaneous Receipts		-0.09		-0.0
	Fair Value Adjustments		1.72 2.05	1	0.0
			2.03		2.0
	Total		8.38	F	6.3
26	COST OF MATERIALS CONSUMED				
	Material Consumption				
1	Cement	20,25		14.95	
	Steel	37.64		18.57	
	Other Construction Materials	37.69		50.81	
- 3			95.58		84.3
	Construction expenses				
- 1	Contractor Work Bills	26.82		21.91	
	Property development expenses	19.44		8.80	
1	Stores and Spares	8.27		2.96	
	Power Charges	2.56		1.37	
- 1	Transport Charges	0.65		0.47	
1	Labour Charges	35.91	93.66	33.28	68.8
	Total		189.24		153.1
(CHANGES IN INVENTORIES OF FINISHED GOODS, STOCK-IN-TRADE AND WORK-IN- PROGRESS				
1	Property development				
	- Opening Balance	17.05			
	- Closing Balance	17.95	4 7 95 7	16.95	
	Construction Work-in-Progress	33.78	-15.83	17.95	-1.0
	- Opening Balance	332.00			
	- Closing Balance	323.90 236.88		429.39 323.90	
- 1		233.00	87.02	343.90	105.49
	Total		201100		



NCC URBAN INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED Notes Forming part of the Financial Statements as at March 31, 2023

(Armount in crores) Notes Description Year Ended March 31, 2023 Year Ended March 31, 2022 No 28 EMPLOYEES BENEFIT EXPENSES Salaries and Other Benefits 18.31 13.16 Contribution to Provident Fund and Other Funds 1.50 1.07 Staff Welfare Expenses 0.43 0.25 Total 20.23 14.48 29 FINANCE COSTS Interest expense on Term Loans 1.09 5.78 Vehicle Loans 0.10 0.06 Others 6.20 22.08 7.39 27.93 Financial Charges Processing Charges 0.16 1.11 Comission on Bank Guarantee 0.24 Bank Charges 0.10 0.06 0.50 1.17 Total 7.89 29.09 30 OTHER EXPENSES Repairs and Maintenance - Machinery 1.13 0.12 - Others 1.40 0.91 Hire Charges for Machinery and Others 2.92 1.05 Technical Consultation 1.10 1.23 Watch and Ward 3.99 3.15 Rent, Rates and Taxes 2.18 2.19 Office Maintenance 1.08 0.71 Electricity & Water Charges 1.40 0.90 Postage, Telegrams and Telephones 0.13 0.12 Travelling and Conveyance 1.48 0.60 Printing and Stationery 0.26 0.25 Insurance 0.29 0.27 Advertisement 2.48 1.71 Legal and Professional Charges 2.98 0.70 Business Promotion Expenses 0.09 0.03 Auditors' Remuneration 0.07 0.06 Directors Sitting Fees 0.07 0.06 Marketing Expenses 0.98 0.82 CSR Expenses 0.27 0.09 Assets written off 2.38 Advances written off 3.11 Miscellaneous Expenses 0.42 0.10 Total 30.22 15.06



NCC URBAN INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED

Notes Forming part of the Financial Statements as at March 31, 2023

Additional information to the Financial Statements

31 Employee Benefit plans

i. Defined contribution plan:

The Company makes Provident Fund contribution for qualifying employees. Under the Schemes, the Company is required to contribute a specified percentage of the payroll costs to fund the benefits. The Company recognised Rs 1.40 Cr/- (March 31, 2022 Rs 0.99 Cr/-) for Provident Fund contributions in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

ii. Defined benefit plan:

The Company operates a gratuity plan covering qualifying employees. The benefit payable is the greater of the amount calculated as per the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972 or the Company scheme applicable to the employee. The benefit vests upon completion of five years of continuous service and once vested it is payable to employees on retirement or on termination of employment. In case of death while in service, the gratuity is payable irrespective of vesting. The Company makes annual contribution to the group gratuity scheme administered by the Life Insurance Corporation of India through its Gratuity Trust Fund. Unfunded Liability for retiring gratuity as at March 31, 2023 is Rs 3.41 Cr/- (March 31, 2022 is Rs 2.92 Cr/-). The liability for gratuity has been actuarially determined and provided for in the books.

Changes in Present Value of Obligation as at	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Present value of obligation as on last valuation	2.92	2.4
Current Service Cost	0.33	37300
Interest Cost	0.20	100
Participant Contribution	N/A	N//
Plan Amendments: Vested portion at end of period(Past Service)	-	-
Plan Amendments: Non-Vested portion at end of period(Past Service)		
Assumption	-0.07	-0.1
Actuarial gain/loss on obligations due to Change in Demographic assumption	2	
Actuarial gain/loss on obligations due to Unexpected Experience	0.30	0.1
Actuarial gain/loss on obligations due to Other reason		-
The effect of change in Foreign exchange rates		
Benefits Paid	0.27	0.04
Acquisition Adjustment		
Disposal/Transfer of Obligation		
Curtailment cost	Ji is s **	
Settlement Cost	12	-
Other(Unsettled Liability at the end of the valuation date)	-	
Present value of obligation as on valuation date	3.43	2.92
Changes in Fair Value of Plan Assets as at	21 M 1 2022	
Fair value of Plan Assets at Beginning of period	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Interest Income	0.02	0.0
Employer Contributions	0.00	0.00
Employer Direct benefit payments	0.20	0.02
Participant Contributions		-0.04
Acquisition/Business Combination		-
Settlement Cost	-	:**)
Benefits Paid	0.27	= 0.00
l'he effect of asset ceiling	* 0.27	0.04
The effect of change in Foreign Exchange Rates	(20)	
Administrative Expenses and Insurance Premium	-	*
Return on Plan Assets excluding Interest Income	0.01	-
fair value of Plan Assets at End of measurement period	0.01	-0.05
	0.02	0.02
Table Showing Reconciliation to Balance Sheet	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
funded Status	3.43	2.92
Inrecognized Past Service Cost		-/-
Inrecognized Actuarial gain/loss at end of the period	2	2
ost Measurement Date Employer Contribution(Expected)		
Infunded Accrued/Prepaid Pension cost	N/A	· N/A
fund Asset	0.02	0.02
und Liability	3.41	2.91
Discount Rate		
	7.51%	7.34%
expected Return on Plan Asset	6.97° a	6.97%
ate of Compensation Increase(Salary Inflation)	8.00% a	8.00%
ension Increase Rate	N/A	N/A
verage expected future service (Remaining working Life)	22.31	21.92
verage Duration of Liabilities	22.31	21.92



NCC URBAN INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED Notes Forming part of the Financial Statements as at March 31, 2023

Summary of Demographic Assumptions	Valuation Date		
Particulars	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22	
Mortality Rate (as % of IALM (2012-14) Ult. Mortality Table)	100%	100%	
Disability Rate (as % of above mortality rate)	0%	0%	
Normal Retirement age	60 Years	60 Years	
Attrition Rate	1%	1%	
Voluntary Retirement	Ignored	Ignored	

Addresses to See See See See See See See See See Se	170	170
Voluntary Retirement	Ignored	Ignored
Expense Recognized in Statement of Profit/Loss as at	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Current Service Cost	0.33	
Past Service Cost(vested)	- 0.55	0.23
Past Service Cost(Non-Vested)		-
Net Interest Cost	0.20	0.17
Cost(Loss/(Gain) on settlement		0.17
Cost(Loss/(Gain) on curtailment		
Net Actuarial Gain loss		
Employee Expected Contribution		
Net Effect of changes in Foreign Exchange Rates		
Benefit Cost(Expense Recognized in Statement of Profit/loss)	0.54	0.42
Other Comprehensive Income	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Actuarial gain/loss on obligations due to Change in Financial Assumption	-0.07	-0.13
Actuarial gain/loss on obligations due to Change in Demographic assumption	-	-0.13
Actuarial gain/loss on obligations due to Unexpected Experience	0.30	0.17
Actuarial gain/loss on obligations due to Other reason	-	-
Total Actuarial (gain)/losses	0.24	0.04
Return on Plan Asset, Excluding Interest Income	0.01	-0.05
The effect of asset ceiling	-	-
Balance at the end of the Period	0.23	0.10
Net(Income)/Expense for the Period Recognized in OCI	0.23	0.10

Sensitivity Analysis	31 March 2023		31 March 2022	
Description	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease
Discount Rate (-/+ 1%)	3.06	3.86	3.29	2.61
%Change Compared to base due to sensitivity	-10.57%	12.57%	-10.70%	12.80%
Salary Growth (-/+ 1%)	3.78	3.10	3.24	2.63
%Change Compared to base due to sensitivity	10.33%	-9.61%	11.10%	-9.90%
Attrition Rate (-/+ 1%)	3.42	3.43	2.91	2.93
%Change Compared to base due to sensitivity	-0.19%	0.23%	-0.40%	0.50%

Table Showing expected return on Plan Asset at end Measurement Period	31 March 2023	31 March 2022	
Current liability	0.07	0.15	
Non-Current Liability	3.34	2.75	
Net Liability	3.41	2.91	

Ratios as per Schedule III Requirements: 32

Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	Reasons for the variance more than 25 percent
Current Ratio:	-		
Current Assets	397.70	459.86	
Current Liabilities	218.54	275.77	
Ratio:	1.82		4
Debt Equity Ratio:	•		
Total Debt	42.03	135.67	Variance is due to the significant
Shareholder's Equity	382.54		reduction of debt during the year
Ratio:	0.11	0.40	
Debt Service Coverage Ratio:	•		
Net Profit + Depreciation + Interest cost	54.08	47.82	
Debt Service	101.03	196.81	1
Ratio:	0.54	0.24	
Return on Equity Ratio:			
Net Profit	44.04	18.02	
Average Shareholder's Equity	360.60	329.69	
Ratio:	12.21%	5.46%	
Inventory turnover ratio:			
Revenue from Operations	361.53	343.42	The improvement in the variance is
Average Inventory	327.34	412.00	due to the improvement in the
Ratio:	1.10		sales/operational revenue of the Company during the Financial year



Notes Forming part of the Financial Statements as at March 31, 2023

Trade Receivables turnover ratio:	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	Reasons for the variance more than 25 percent
Revenue from Operations	361.53	343.42	
Average Trade Receivables	63.62	75.85	1
Ratio:	5.68	4.53	
Trade Payable turnover ratio:			
Expenses for Trade payables	189,24	153.12	
Average Trade Payables	55.30	34.40	4 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12
Ratio:	3.42		4
Working Capital turnover ratio:			
Revenue from Operations	361.53	343.42	
Average Working Capital	181.62	182.80	ł.
Ratio:	1.99		
Net profit ratio:			
Net Profit	44,04	18.02	
Revenue from Operations	361.53		
Ratio:	12.18%	5.25%	
Return on Capital employed:			
PBT after Exceptional + Interest expenses	51.43	60.77	
Net Worth + Total Debt	424.57	474.33	
Ratio	12.11%	12.81%	
Return on investment:	N/A		

33 Corporate Social Resposibility

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2023	For the year ended March 31, 2022
Amount required to be spent by the Group during the year / period.	0.27	0.09
Amount of expenditure incurred.	0.27	0.09
Shortfall at the end of the year / period.	271	
Total of previous years shortfall.		



Notes Forming part of the Financial Statements as at March 31, 2023

Additional information to the Financial Statements

Contingent Liability:

Bank Guarantees furnished to Statutory Authorities and Government bodies is Rs.5.04 Crores/- (Previous Year Rs.4.99 Crores/-)

35 Earnings per Share

(a) (1) (a) (1) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a	(Amount in crores)		
Particulars Particulars	Year Ended March 31, 2023	Year Ended March 31, 2022	
Net Profit/(Loss) available for equity shareholders	4-1.04	18.02	
Weighted Average number of equity shares for Basic EPS Weighted Average number of equity shares for Diluted EPS	Nos. 25,00,00,000 25,00,00,000	Nos. 25,00,00,000 25,00,00,000	
Face value per share Basic EPS Rs.	10/- 1.76	10/-	
Diluted EPS	1.76	0.72	

36 Related Party Transactions

36.1 List of related parties and relationships:

- A Holding Company
- 1 NCC Limited
- B Subsidiaries
- 1 CSVS Property Developers Private Limited
- 2 Dhatri Developers Private Limited
- 3 JIC Homes Private Limited
- M A Property Developers Private Limited
 Mallelavanam Property Developers Private Limited
- 6 Sushanti Housing Private Limited
- 7 Sushrutha Real Estate Private Limited
- 8 Sri Raga Nivas Ventures Private Limited 9 Vera Avenues Private Limited
- 10 NCC Urban Ventures Private Limited
- 11 NCC Urban Homes Private Limited
- C Limited Liability Partnership
- 1 AKHS Homes LLP
- 2 Sri Raga Nivas Property Developers LLP
- 3 VSN Property Developers LLP
- 4 Kedamath Real Estates LLP
- 5 Nandyala Real Estates LLP
- 6 PRG Estates LLP
- 7 Thrilekya Real Estates LLP
- 8 Varma Infrastructure LLP
- D Fellow Subsidiary

Nagarjuna Construction Company International L.L.C. Key Management Personnel (KMP) & relatives of KMP

- 1 Sri A.A.V.Ranga Raju, Director
- 2 Sri A.G.K.Raju, Director
- 3 Sri N.R. Alluri , Managing Director
- 4 Smt A. Bharathi Raju, Whole Time Director
- 5 Sri J.S.R.Raju, Whole Time Director
- 6 Srinivasa Rao G, Chief Financial Officer
- 7 Rajesh Kumar Yadav, Company Secretary
- F Associates
- 1 Varapradha Real Estates Private Limited
- G Enterprises owned and significantly influenced by key management personnel or their relatives
 1 Sirisha Projects Pvt Ltd
- 36. 2. Related Party transactions during the year March 31, 2023 are as follows:

S. No	Particulars	Holding Company	Key Management Personnel and their relatives	Subsidiaries	Associate	Fellow Subsidiary	(Amount in crores Enterprises owned and significantly influenced by key management personnel or their relatives
1	Unsecured Loans taken						
2	Unsecured Loans Repaid	22.31			18.21		
3	1/0 1/0	127.18	145,00				
3	Advance granted/ (Received)			-	-	-	
4	Managerial Remuneration	-		0,02	1.85	-0.15	
1	4 Statingerial Nemaniciation		3.26				
5	Remuneration to CFO and CS		2.32				
			0.15				
6	Interest paid/Provided	0.75			4.83		
	1	13.21	0,54		5,91		
7	Rent Paid/Provided	-					0.70
		0,03					0.30
-			Debit Balances as	on March 31, 2023			0,30
	CSVS Property Developers Private Limited			1.83			
2	District to the second			7.55			
- 1	Dharri Developers Private Limited			6.41			



S. No		Holding Company	Key Management Personnel and their relatives	Subsidiaries	Associate	Fellow Subsidiary	(Amount in crore En ecrprises owned an ed significantly imfluenced by key management personnel or their relatives
3	JIC Homes Private Limited			1.84			
4	M A Property Developers Private			1.84			
	Limited			1.76			
5	Mallelavanam Property Developers			1.00			
	Private Limited			1.00			
6	Sushanti Housing Private Limited			1.76			
	Sustanti Frousing Private Limited			1.75			
7	Sushrutha Real Estate Private Limited			2.30			
	Stratistical Estate Private Emilien			2.30			
8	Sushanti Avenues Private Limited			5.39			
	The state of the s			4,69			
9	Vera Avenues Private Limited			1.42			
-	1900 F1 17 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11			1.42			
10	NCC Urban Ventures Private Limited			0.02			
	ALL THE CONTRACT OF THE STATE O			0.02			
11	NCC Urban Homes Private Limited			0,02			
12				9.92			
12	AKHS Homes LLP			3.11			
13				3.11			
13	Sri Raga Nivas Property Developers LLP			3.35			
14	Santanana and American			3.33			
**	VSN Property Developers LLP			3.35			
15	BE AN ANY AND ASSESSED.			1,15			
-	Kedarnath Real Estates LLP			1.40			
16	91 72,070 88 80M HGBs			1,37			
-	Nandyala Real Estates LLP			2.79			
17	uncan III			2.76			
	PRG Estates LLP			1.45			
			Credit Balances a	1.33 s on March 31, 2023			
1	NCC Limited		creat paranees a	2 on march 31, 2023			
	- notivies to envise the	22.31					
2	Nagarjuna Construction Company						
	International L.L.C.					4 6 7 7	
3	Varapradha Real Estates Private Limited				36.36	0,94	
	. maphasma (ven) Connes Private Limited				54 57		

36.3. Disclosure in respect of transactions which are more than 10% of the total transactions of the same type with related parties during the period.

		(Amount in crores)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Unsecured Loans taken		
NCC Limited		19
Narayana Raju Alluri	H .	
Unsecured Loans repaid	1 2	
NCC Limited	22.31	427.10
Advance granted/(Taken) .		127.18
Varapradha Real Estates Private Limited	18.21	4.07
Interest paid/provided	10.21	-1.85
NCC Limited	0.75	12.01
Vacapradha Real Estates Private Limited	4.83	13.21
Managerial Remuneration	4.0.7	5.91
Sri N.R. Alluri , Managing Director	1.80	1.16
Smt. A. Bharathi Raju, Whole Time Director	0.73	0.58
Sri.J.S.R.Raju, Whole Time Director	0.73	0.58
Remuneration to CFO and CS:	13,7,5	0.30
Srinivasa Rao G, Chief Financial Officer	0.26	0.23
Rajesh Kumar Yadav, Company Secretary	0.13	0.12
Rent Paid	0.13	0.12
NCC Limited		0.05
Enterprises owned and significantly influenced	0,30	0.05 0.30



37 Deferred Tax Asset

Deferred Tax Asset comprises of the following.

		(Amount is crores)	
Description		As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
(A)	Deferred Tax Assets on Timing		
	Business loss		-
	Depreciation		-
	MAT Credit Entitlement	3.98	1.21
	Provision for employee benefits	1.55	1.37
	Total:	5.53	2.58
(B)	Deferred Tax Liabilities on timing		
	Depreciation	1.04	0.35
	Total:	1.04	0.35
	Net Deferred Tax Asset (A-B)	4.49	2.22

Deferred tax assets (Net)

Significant components of deferred tax (liabilities)/assets for the Period Ended March 31, 2023

		(Amount is crores)
Description	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Deferred tax (liabilities)/assets in relation to:		
Property, plant and equipment	-1.04	-0.35
Provision for employee benefits	1.55	1.37
Business Loss		120
MAT Credit Entitlement	3.98	1.21
	4.49	2.22

38. Unrecognised deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits

		(Amount is crores
Description	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits for which no deferred tax assets have been recognized are attributable to the following:	-	
long-term capital loss		
-unused business loss		

39. Tax Expense

		(Amount in crores)
Description	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Current Tax	7.17	4.40
Deferred Tax	-2.20	9.26
Total	4.96	13.66

Reconciliation of tax expense to the accounting profit is as follows:

	40000	(Amount is Crores)
	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
Taxable profit / Loss from Business	48.99	31.67
Tax expense at statutory tax rate@ 26.75%	13.11	8.47
Adjustments:		
Effect of income that is exempt from taxation	-	0.00
Adjustments recognized in the current year in relation to the current tax of prior years	-0.69	-0.33
Effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable profit	1.30	2.40
Deferred tax adjustments	-2.20	
Effect of capital gains set off with unused capital losses		-
Others	-6.55	3.06
Tax expense reported in the Statement of Profit and Loss	4.96	13.66

40 Financial instruments

Capital management

The Group's capital management objective is to maximize the total shareholder return by optimizing cost of capital through flexible capital structure that supports growth. Further, the Group ensures

The Group is capital management objective is to maximize the total shareholder return by optimizing cost of capital through flexible capital structure that supports growth. Further, the Group ensures optimal credit risk profile to maintain/enhance credit rating.

The Group determines the amount of capital required on the basis of annual operating plan and long-term strategic plans. The funding requirements are met through internal accruals and long-term/short-term borrowings. The Group monitors the capital structure on the basis of Net debt to equity ratio and maturity profile of the overall debt portfolio of the Group.

For the purpose of capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, securities premium and all other revenue reserves. Net debt includes all long and short-term borrowings as reduced by cash and cash equivalents.

The following table summarizes the capital of the Group:

	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Equity	382.54	338.60
Short-term borrowings and current portion of long-term debt	41.02	102.52
Long-term debt	1.01	33.15
Cash and cash equivalents	-10.63	-12.54
Net debt	31.41	123.13
Total capital (equity + net debt)	413.95	461.79



Categories of financial instruments

		(Amount in crores)
	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Financial assets		130000
Measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)	1	
Mandatorily measured:	1	
Equity investments in other entities	115.11	113.03
JDA Deposits	61.69	
Measured at amortized cost	61.69	58.04
Cash and bank balances	14,28	10.71
Measured at cost	14.20	18.71
Trade and other receivables	62.10	ar ar
Other current financial assets		65.15
Financial liabilities	3.24	1.46
Borrowings	42.03	135.67
Other Financial Liabilities -Measured at cost	80.67	53.06

Liquidity risk management

The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves, banking facilities and reserve borrowing facilities, by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows, and by matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of financial liabilities including estimated interest payments as at March 31, 2023:

	Carrying				(Amount in crores)
	amount	upto I year	1-3 year	More than 3 year	Total contracted cash flows
Accounts payable and acceptances	68.83	68.83			68.83
Borrowings and interest thereon	42.03	41.02	1.01		42.03
Other financial liabilities	101.15	101.15	2.00		101.15
Total	212.01	211.00	1.01	-	212.01

The table below provides details of financial assets as at March 31, 2023 :

Carrying value is Fair value

Description	(Amount in crores)
Description	Carrying amount
Trade receivables	Archiville
Investments	62.10
Other financial assets	115,11
Cash and cash equivalents	3.24
Bank balances other than Cash and Cash equivalents	10.63
Total	3.66
= VIII	194.73

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of financial liabilities including estimated interest payments as at March 31, 2022:

	Carrying amount	up to 1 year	1-3 year	More than 3 year	(Amount in crores) Total contracted cash flows
Accounts payable and acceptances	41.77	41.77			
Borrowings and interest thereon* Other financial liabilities	135.67	102.52	33.15	10	41.77 135.67
Total	11.30	11.30	• •		11.30
100	188.73	155.58	33.15		188.73

The table below provides details of financial assets as at March 31, 2022:

Carrying value is Fair value

	(Amount in crores)
Trade receivables	Carrying amount
Investments	65.15
Other financial assets	113.03
Cash and cash equivalents	1.46
Bank balances other than Cash and Cash equivalents	12.54
Total	6.17
	198.35

Financial risk management objectives

The Company has adequate internal processes to assess, monitor and manage financial risks. These risks include market risk (including interest rate risk) and credit risk. Market risk

The Company's financial instruments are exposed to market rate changes. The Company is exposed to the following significant market risks:

Interest rate risk

Market risk exposures are measured using sensitivity analysis. There has been no change to the Company's exposure to market risks or the manner in which these cisks are being managed and measured. Interest rate risk management

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Company's debt obligations with floating interest rates and investments.

The Company's borrowings majorly consists of Project funding loans, having fixed rate of interest (re-stated at every 3 years interval).

Credit risk management

Credit risk refers to the risk that counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company.

The company primarily deals with the real estate sales. The possession of the properties is handed over to the customers only after the receipt of the entire sale consideration with respect to the sales /ecceivables is limited.



Notes Forming part of the Financial Statements as at March 31, 2023

Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities:

Particulars.	As at March	31, 2023	As at March 31	1, 2022
Financial assets	Carrying amount	Fair value	Carrying amount	Fair value
Financial assets at amortized cost:				
(a) Cash and bank balances (a) Trade receivables (b) Other financial assets Financial liabilities Financial biblities at amortized cost:	14.28 62.10 3.24	14.28 62.10 3.24	18.71 65.15 1.46	18.7 65.1 1
a) Borrowings b) Trade payables c) Other Financial liabilities	42.05 68.83 11.84	42.03 68.83 11.84	135.67 41.77 11.30	135.6 -41.7

lents, trade payables, borrowings and other financial assets and liabilities it is assessed that the fair values approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.

- The Code on Social Security, 2020 (Code) relating to employee benefits during employment and post-employment benefits received Presidential assent in September 2020. The Code has been published in the Gazette of India. However, the date on which the Code will come into effect has not been notified. The Company will assess the impact of the Code when it cornes into effect and will record any related impact in the period when the Code becomes effective.
- 42 Figures of previous year have been regrouped/re-arranged wherever necessary to confirm to the current year presentation.

Signatures to the Notes of Accounts 1 to 42

For and on behalf of the Board

For K.P.Rao & Co. Chartered Accountants \[Article FRN \(\)

rtner Membership No: 029340

RAOR BANGALORE FRN: 003135S FRED ACCOUNT

N.R.Alluri Managing Director DIN:00026723

J.S.R.Raju Director DIN:01158196

Place: Hyderabad Hyderabad: May 02, 2023

G.Srinivasa Rao Chief Financial Officer

'Poornima', IInd Floor, 25, State Bank Road, Bangalore - 560 001. Karnataka, India.

K. P. RAO H.N. ANIL MOHAN R LAVI K. VISWANATH S. PRASHANTH P. RAVINDRANATH

Phone : 080 - 25587385 / 25586814

Fax : 080 - 25594661 E-mail : info@kprao.co.in

> BANGALORE FRN: 003135S

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To The Members of NCC Urban Infrastructure Limited Hyderabad

Report on the Consolidated Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements of NCC Urban Infrastructure Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2023, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2023, and its profit (including other comprehensive income), changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit

Branches

K. P. RAO & CO. CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

of the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements.

Key Audit Matters (KAM)

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined that there are not key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these Consolidated Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position and financial performance of the Company and cash flows of the company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. This responsibility also includes the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provision of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting the frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.





<u>Auditor's Responsibility for the audit of Consolidated Ind AS financial</u> statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Consolidated Ind AS financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the



date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

 Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements of the current period and are therefore, the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

A. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of subsection (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the **Annexure 1**, a statement on the matters specified in the 3(xxi) of the order.

- B. As required by section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
- a) we have obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit;
- b) in our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as appears from our examination of those books;



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- c) the Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity and Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of accounts;
- d) in our opinion, the Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity, and Cash Flow Statement comply with the Accounting Standards referred to in section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014;
- e) On the basis of written representations received from such directors, and taken on record by the Board of Directors, we report that none of the remaining directors are disqualified as on March 31, 2023, from being appointed as a director in terms of subsection (2) of section 164 of the Act.
- f) with respect to the adequacy of internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure 2". Our Report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's financial controls over financial reporting.
- g) In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.
- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - a) The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position in its Ind AS financial statements.
 - b) The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - c) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund.
 - d) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the Note 12(a) of Notes to accounts, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding,



whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

- e) The Management has represented, that, to the best of it's knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the Note 16(e) of Notes to accounts, no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- f) Based on the audit procedures performed that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e) contain any material mis-statement.
- g) The Company has not made any dividend payment during the year.

RAOR

BANGALORE FRN: 003135S

h) As per Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Accounting) Rules, 2014 as amended, companies have been mandated to use accounting software with requisite audit trail facility from 1st April 2023. We are unable to comment on this matter for the year ended 31st March 2023.

For K.P. Rao and Co.

Chartéred Accountants Firm Reg. No: 003135S

Mohan R Lavi

Partner

Membership No.: 029340

UDIN: 23029340BGWHUV1041

Place: Hyderabad Date: 2nd May, 2023



Annexure - 1 to the Auditors' Report

3 (xxi) There have been no qualifications or adverse remarks by the respective auditors in the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order (CARO) reports of the companies included in the consolidated financial statements.

BANGALORE FRN: 0031358

For K.P. Rao and Co.

Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No: 003135S

Mohan R Lavi

Partner

Membership No.: 029340

UDIN: 23029340BGWHUV1041

Place: Hyderabad Date: 2nd May, 2023



ANNEXURE - 2 TO INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company as at 31stMarch 2023 in conjunction with our audit of the Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2023, the statement of profit and loss annexed for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting ('the Guidance Note') issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('the ICAI')". These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act').

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing ('the Standards'), issued by the ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal



control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.'

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. This includes those policies and procedures that:

- i) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company;
- ii) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and iii) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of
- iii) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has maintained, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31st March 2023, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company



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considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. However, the existing policies, systems, procedures and internal controls followed by the Company have to be completely and appropriately documented.

BANGALORE FRN: 0031358

For K.P.Rao & Co.

Chartened Accountants Firm Reg. No. 003135S

Mohan R Lavi

Partner

Membership No. 029340

UDIN: 23029340BGWHUV1041

Place: Hyderabad Date: 2nd May 2023

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT MARCH 31, 2023

Description	Notes	As at Marc	ch 31, 2023	As at March	(Amount in Crores 31, 2022
ASSETS					
I. Non-Current Assets					
(a) Property, Plant and Equipment	3	10.07		680	
(b) Investment Property	4			8.92	
(c) Goodwill		50.18		48.16	
(d) Financial Assets	1 1	0.63		0.63	
	922		1		
(i) Investments	5	90.69		80.22	
(ii) Others	6	68.35		58.56	
(e) Deferred Tax Assets(net)		4.49		2.22	
(f) Other Non-Current Assets	7	2.24			
			226.65	2.24	
			220.03		200.9
. Current Assets					
(a) Inventories	8	295.51		362.02	
(b) Financial Assets			1	302.02	
(i) Trade and other receivables	9	62.10	1	20.00	
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	10	10.69	1	65.15	
(ii) Bank balances other than (ii) above	11		1	12.58	
(vi) Other current financial assets		3.66		6.17	
	12	3.24	1	1.46	
(c) Other Current Assets	13	24.91		13.03	
			400,11		460.4
manu.					1001
TOTAL	k l		626.76		661.3
EQUITY					
1. Equity					
	N 820	200			
(a) Equity Share capital	15	250.00	I.	250.00	
(b) Other Equity	16	152.15		97.83	
		*****	402.15		347.8
LIABILITIES	1 1				347.0.
	1 1	4			
		1			
2. Non-Current Liabilities					
(a) Financial Liabilities			į.	1	
Borrowings	17	1.01		33.15	
(b) Provisions	18	4.98			
	DMC .	4.20	2.56	4,27	
NAME TO A STATE OF THE PARTY OF			6.00		37.42
Current Liabilities	4 3				
(a) Financial Liabilities		4	17		
(i) Borrowings	19	41.02			
(ii) Trade payables	12	41.02		102,52	
- Total outstanding dues of micro and				- 1	
small enterprises		74/10/6	F	1	
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than		0.06	_ N	2.15	
		365948	e:		
nucro and small enterprises	20	68.80	, P	39.65	
(iii) Other current financial liabilities	21	11.84	11	11.30	
(b) Current Tax Liabilities(net)	22	7.25	1	1.54	
(c) Provisions	23	0.33		0.43	
(b) Other Current Liabilities	24	89.31		118.46	
		10241.1	218.61	118.40	276.04
		-			270.04
Total			626.76		661.30
porate information and significant accounting policies	1 & 2				
accompanying notes to the financial statements	100 2	1		1	

As per our report of even date attached for K.P. Rao & Co.
Chartered Accountants
HRN 0031358

BA. CHARTER D. ACCO.

BANGALORE FRN: 003135S

Partner

Membership No: 029340

for and on behalf of the Board

N.R.Alluri Managing Director DIN:00026723

J.S.R.Raju Director DIN:01158196

G.Srinivasa Rao

Chief Financial Officer

Hyderabad: May 02, 2023

Rajah Kumar Yadav Company Secretary

NCC URBAN INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

Description	Notes	Year Ended	35	Year Endec	
		March 31, 202	!3	March 31, 202	.2
INCOME .					
Revenue from operations	25	361.53		343.42	
Other income	26	8.38		6.39	
Total Income		10000	369.91	6.39	349.8
EXPENSES					
Cost of materials consumed	27	191.08		152.12	
Changes in inventories of finished goods, stock-in-trade and work-in-progress	28	69.35		105.49	
Employees benefit expenses	29	20.23		14.50	
Finance costs	30	7.89	M)	29.09	
Depreciation and amortization expense	3 & 4	2.15		1.88	
Other expenses	31	30.24		15.07	
Total Expenses			320.94		318.16
Profit/(Loss) Before Exceptional Items and Tax			48.97		31.65
Exceptional Items			- 1	1	51.05
Profit/(Loss) Before Tax			48.97		31.65
Share of Profit/(Loss) from Consolidation			10.47		
Profit/(Loss) Before Tax			59.45		1.55
.ess: Tax Expense		2/	37.43		33.20
- Current Tax		7.17	1	4.40	
- Deferred Tax		-2.20		9.26	
		200	4.96	2.20	12.66
Profit/(Loss) for the Period			54.48		13.66 19.54
Profit/(Loss) for the Period from discontinued operations			120		19.34
Profit/(Loss) for the Period			54.48		19.54
Other Comprehensive Income					27.51
tems that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans(Loss/(Gain))		0.23			
Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		-0.06		-0.03	
otal Other Comprehensive Income			0.16	-0.03	0.07
otal Comprehensive Income for the Period			54.32		19.47
arnings per Share of face value of Rs.10/- each					
Basic			2.18		0.78
Diluted			2.18		0.78
orporate information and significant accounting policies	1 & 2				1/./0
ee accompanying notes to the financial statements		3			

As per our report of even date attached for K.P.Rao & Co.

BANGALORE FRN: 003135S

Chargered Accountants FRN 003135S

Partner

* BINGERED ACCO Membership No: 029340

for and on behalf of the Board

N.R.Alluri

Managing Director

DIN:00026723

J.S.R.Raju

Director

DIN:01158196

Hyderabad: May 02, 2023

G.Srinivasa Rao

Chief Financial Officer

Rajeth Kumar Yadav Company Secretary

NCC URBAN INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 20≥3

(Amount in Crores) Year Ended Year Ended Description March 31, 2023 March 31, 2022 A. Cash Flow from operating activities: Net Profit before taxation 59.22 33.10 Adjustment for Depreciation/Amortisation 2.15 1.88 Provision for gratuity and leave encashment 0.61 0.76 Interest and Finance charges 7.89 29.09 Net Gain/(Loss) on foreign currency transactions 0.09 0.04 (Profit)/Loss on sale of assets -0.03-0.04Operating Profit before Working Capital Changes 69.93 64.83 Adjustment for changes in Trade and other receivables -26.7515.78 Inventories 66.51 100.96 Trade payables and other liabilities -1.6323.01 Cash used in operations 108.05 204.57 Taxes Paid 4.76 1.25 Net cash generated in Operating Activities 112.82 205.82 B. Cash Flow from Investing Activities: Movement in PPE -3.04-2.97Movement in Investment property -2.300.04 Investments in subsidiaries/Associates -10.47-1.55Net cash used in Investing activities -15.82-4.48C. Cash flow from Financing activities: Long term funds (repaid)/ borrowed -31.48 -23 93 Proceeds from/(Repayment of) short term borrowings -20.98 9.75 Proceeds from/(Repayment to) parent company-long term borrowings -22.31 -127.18Proceeds received from other corporates-short term borrowings -18.21-28.90 Construction Equipment Finance -0.661.38 Interest paid -7.89-29.63 Net cash used in Financing Activities -101.53 -198.51 Net change in Cash and Cash Equivalents (A+B+C) -4.532.82 Cash and Cash Equivalents (Opening Balance) 18.74 15.92 Cash and Cash Equivalents (Closing Balance) 14.21 18.74

As per our report of even date attached

BANGALORE ERN: 003135

RED ACC

for K.P.Rao & Co.

Chartered Accountants

FRN 003135S

Mohan R Lavi Partner

Membership No: 029340

for and on behalf of the Board

N.R.Alluri

Managing Director

DIN:00026723

J.S.R.Raju Director

DIN:01158196

G.Srinivasa Rao

Chief Financial Officer

Rajash Kumar Yadav Company Secretary

Hyderabad: May 02, 2023

Notes forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements as at March 31, 2023

A. EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL

	A com	
Amount	in	Crores

		(Amount in Crores)
Description	No of Shares	Amount
Balance as at March 31, 2022 Add: Equity shares allotted during the period	25,00,00,000	2,500.00
Balance as at March 31, 2023	25,00,00,000	2,500.00

B. OTHER EQUITY

Particulars		Reserves and Surplus		Items of other comprehensive income	(Amount in Crores
	Retained Earnings	General Reserve	Security Premium	Actuarial Gain/(Loss)	25.55.55
Balance at March 31, 2021 Profit for the year Other comprehensive income for the year Balance at March 31, 2022	16.86 19.54 - 36.40	12.50 - - 12.50		-0.20 - -0.07 -0.27	78.36 19.5- -0.07 97.83
Profit for the period Other comprehensive income for the period Balance at March 31, 2023	54.48 - 90.88	12.50		-0.16 -0.43	97.8. 54.48 -0.16 152. 19

As per our report of even date attached for K.P.Rao & Co.

Chartered Accountants FRI 003135S

for and on behalf of the Board

Partner Membership No: 029340

RAO & BANGALORE FRN: 003135S PED ACCO

N.R.Alluri

Managing Director DIN:00026723

G.Srinivasa Rao
Chief Financial Officer

J.S.R.Raju Director DIN:01158196

Rajesl Kumar Yadav Company Secretary

Hyderabad: May 02, 2023

NOTE 1: CORPORATE INFORMATION

NCC Urban Infrastructure Limited ("the Company") was incorporated during 2005-2006 in Hyderabad. The Company is engaged in building/developing Residential /Commercial Buildings in various locations across India. The Company is a subsidiary of NCC Limited.

NOTE 2: ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Significant accounting policies:

2.1. Statement of compliance

The financial statements comply in all material aspects with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) motified under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016 as applicable.

2.2. Basis of preparation & presentation

These financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period.

2.3. Principles of Consolidation

NCC Urban Infrastructure Limited consolidates entities which it owns or controls. The Consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries and the entities under its control as discussed in Note no.30.f. These are together referred to as "Group". Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date control commences until the control ceases.

The consolidated financial statements of the Group as at March 31, 2022 and for the period ended on that date have been prepared on the following basis:

- a) The financial statements of the Company, its subsidiaries and Limited Liability Partnerships are combined on a line-by-line basis by adding together the book values of like items of assets, liabilities, income and expenses, after fully eliminating intra-group balances and intra-group transactions resulting in unrealized profit or losses in accordance with Ind AS 110 on "Consolidated Financial Statements" notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015...
- b) Associates are entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control.

The Financial statements of the Associate have been accounted using the 'Equity' method as per Ind AS 110 on 'Consolidated Financial Statements' notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015. The investment is initially recognized at cost, and the carrying amount is increased/decreased to recognize the Company's share of profit/loss of the associate after the acquisition date.

The Company's investment in associate include goodwill identified on acquisition.

- c) The Financial Statements of the subsidiaries and Associate used in the consolidation are drawn upto the same reporting date as that of the Company i.e. March 31, 2022.
- d) The Excess of cost to the company of its investments in the subsidiaries and jointly controlled entities over the company's portion of equity is recognized in the Financial Statements as Goodwill.
- e) The consolidated financial statements are prepared to the extent possible using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances and are presented in the same manner as the Company's separate Financial Statements.

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2.4. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions. These estimates, judgments and assumptions affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Application of accounting policies require critical accounting estimates in volving complex and subjective judgments and the use of assumptions in these financial statements. Accounting estimates could change from period to period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Appropriate changes in estimates are made as management becomes aware of changes in circum stances surrounding the estimates. Changes in estimates are reflected in the financial statements in the period in which changes are made and, if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

2.5. Property, plant and equipment:

Property, plant and equipment are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. The cost of property, plant and equipment comprises of purchase price, applicable duties and taxes, any directly attributable expenditure on making the asset ready for its intended use, other incidental expenses and interest on borrowings attributable to acquisition of qualifying fixed assets, upto the date the asset is ready for its intended use.

Property, plant and equipment retired from active use and held for sale are stated at the lower of their net book value and net realizable value and are disclosed separately.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is included in profit or loss for the period.

For transition into Ind AS, the company has elected to continue with the carrying value of all its property, plant and equipment recognized as of April 1, 2015 (transition date) measured as per the previous GAAP and use that carrying value as its deemed cost as of the transition date.

2.6. Investment property:

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation (including property under construction for such purposes). Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured in accordance with the Ind AS 16's requirement for cost model.

An investment property is derecognized upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no further economic benefits expected from disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the property is included in profit or loss in the period in which the property is derecognized.

2.7. Depreciation:

Depreciation on Property, plant and equipment and Investment property is being provided in the manner and as per the useful lives as specified in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 on all the assets except for Construction Accessories, which were depreciated over 5 years, based on the management's estimate of useful life of such assets.

No depreciation is charged on capital work in progress and free hold land.

2.8. Goodwill:

Goodwill represents the cost of business acquisition in excess of the Group's interest in the net fair value of identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the acquiree. When the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities acquired exceeds the cost of business acquisition, a gain is recognized immediately in net profit in the statement of profit and loss. Goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

2.9. Financial instruments:

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognized immediately in profit or loss.

Cash and cash equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid financial instruments, which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash that are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value and having original maturities of three months or less from the date of purchase, to be cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents consist of balances with banks which are unrestricted for withdrawal and usage.

Financial assets at amortized cost

Financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost if these financial assets are held within a business whose objective is to hold these assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Financial assets are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if these financial assets are held within a business whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows, on specified dates that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding and selling financial assets.

The Company has made an irrevocable election to present in other comprehensive income subsequent changes in the fair value of equity investments not held for trading.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets are measured at fair value through profit or loss unless it is measured at amortized cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income on initial recognition. The transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are immediately recognized in statement of profit and loss.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is a contract that evidences residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities.

Equity instruments recognized by the Company are recognized at the proceeds received net off direct issue cost

2.10. Impairment of Assets:

Property, plant and equipment: Intangible assets and property, plant and equipment are evaluated for recoverability whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. For the purpose of impairment testing, the recoverable amount (i.e. the higher of the fair value less cost to sell and the value-in-use) is determined on an individual asset basis to be a set to sell and the value-in-use.

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not generate cash flows that are largely independent of those from other assets. In such cases, the recoverable amount is determined for the CGU to which the asset belongs.

If such assets are considered to be impaired, the impairment to be recognized in the statement of profit and loss is measured by the amount by which the carrying value of the assets exceeds the estimated recoverable amount of the asset. An impairment loss is reversed in the statement of profit and loss if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. The carrying amount of the asset is increased to its revised recoverable amount, provided that this amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any accumulated amortization or depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years.

Financial Assets: The Company recognizes loss allowances using the expected credit loss (ECL) model for the financial assets which are not fair valued through profit or loss. Loss allowance for trade receivables with no significant financing component is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECL. For all other financial assets, expected credit losses are measured at an amount equal to the 12-month ECL, unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk from initial recognition in which case those are measured at lifetime ECL. The amount of expected credit losses (or reversal) that is required to adjust the loss allowance at the reporting date to the amount that is required to be recognized is recognized as an impairment gain or loss in statement of profit or loss.

2.11. Inventories

a. Raw Materials:

Raw Materials, Construction materials and stores and spares are valued at weighted average cost. Cost excludes refundable duties and taxes.

b. Work-in-progress:

- i. Completed properties held for sale are stated at the actual cost or net realizable value, whichever is lower.
- ii. Construction work-in-progress is valued at cost. Cost is sales value less estimated profit margin.

c. Property Development:

Properties held for sale or development is valued at cost. Cost comprises cost of land and direct development expenditure.

2.12. Revenue Recognition:

Revenue from contracts with customers:

The Company recognizes revenue from its contracts with customers after identifying the contract, identifying the performance obligations in the contract, determining transaction price, allocating transaction price to the performance obligations and recognizing revenue as and when the performance obligations are satisfied. The company is required to assess each of its contracts with customers to determine whether performance obligations are satisfied over time or at a point in time in order to determine the appropriate method of recognizing revenue.

Interest Income:

Interest income from a financial asset is recognized when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the company and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.



2.13. Employee Benefits:

Liability for Employee benefits both short and Long Term, for present and past services as per the terms of employment are recorded in accordance with Ind AS 19 "Employee Benefits" notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015.

a. Retirement benefit costs and termination benefits:

Payment to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognized as an expenses when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

For defined benefit retirement benefit plans, the cost of providing benefits is determined using the projected unit credit method, with actuarial valuations being carried out at the end of each annual reporting period. Remeasurement, comprising actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the changes to the asset ceiling (if applicable) and the return on plan assets (excluding net interest), is reflected immediately in the balance sheet with a charge or credit recognized in other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur. Remeasurement recognized in other comprehensive income is reflected immediately in retained earnings and is not reclassified to profit or loss. Past service cost is recognized in profit or loss in the period of a plan amendment. Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate at the beginning of the period to the net defined benefit liability or asset.

b. Provident Fund

Contribution to Provident fund (a defined contribution plan) made to Regional Provident Fund Commissioner are recognized as expense.

c. Compensated Absences:

The employees are entitled to accumulate leave subject to certain limits, for future encashment, as per the policy of the Company.

The liability towards such unutilized leave as at the end of each balance sheet date is determined based on independent actuarial valuation and the recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

2.14. Taxes:

Income tax expense represents sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax

Current Tax:

Current tax is the amount of tax payable on the taxable income for the year as determined in accordance with the applicable tax rates and the provisions of the Income-tax Act, 1961 and other applicable tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred Taxes:

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognized if the temporary differences arise from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit. In addition, deferred tax liabilities are not recognized if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of goodwill.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected.

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to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realized, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the company expects, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Current and deferred tax for the year

Current and deferred tax are recognized in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

2.15. Cash Flow Statement:

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit/(loss) is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated based on the available information.

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits with banks. Cash equivalents are short-term balances (with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

2.16. Earnings Per Share:

The earnings considered in ascertaining the company's Earnings per share (EPS) comprise the net profit / (loss) after tax. The number of shares used in computing Basic EPS is the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period/year.

2.17. Leases:

The Company recognises assets and liabilities for all leases with a term of more than 12 months, unless the underlying asset is of low value. The Company is required to recognise a right-of-use asset representing its right to use the underlying leased asset and a lease liability representing its obligation to make lease payments.

The Company measures right-of-use assets similarly to other non-financial assets (such as property, plant and equipment) and lease liabilities similarly to other financial liabilities. As a consequence, the Company recognises depreciation of the right-of-use asset and interest on the lease liability. The depreciation would usually be on a straight-line basis.

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. The measurement includes non-cancellable lease payments (including inflation-linked payments), and also includes payments to be made in optional periods if the Company is reasonably certain to exercise an option to extend the lease, or not to exercise an option to terminate the lease

2.18. Fair value measurement

The Company measures certain financial instruments at fair value at each reporting date. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

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a. In the principal market for the asset or liability, or

b. In the absence of principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants acoust use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic loss interest.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and mirrimising the use of unobservable inputs.

2.19. Operating cycle:

The Company adopts operating cycle based on the project period and accordingly all project related assets and liabilities are classified into current and non-current. Other than project related assets and liabilities, 12 months period is considered as normal operating cycle.

2.20. Provisions, Contingent liabilities and Contingent assets

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Company will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognized as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (when the effect of the time value of money is material).

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, a receivable is recognized as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made.

A contingent asset is a possible asset that may arise because of a gain that is contingent on future events that are not under an entity's control. Existence of the contingent asset is required to be disclosed when the inflow of economic benefits is probable.

2.21. Recent Accounting Pronouncements-

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. On March 31, 2023, MCA amended the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2023, as below:

Ind AS 1 - Presentation of Financial Statements - This amendment requires the entities to disclose their material accounting policies rather than their significant accounting policies. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2023. The Company has evaluated the amendment and the impact of the amendment is insignificant in the standalone financial statements.

Ind AS 8 - Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors - This amendment has introduced a definition of 'accounting estimates' and included amendments to Ind AS 8 to help entities distinguish changes in accounting policies from changes in accounting estimates. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2023. The Company has evaluated the amendment and there is no impact on its standalone financial statements.

Ind AS 12 - Income Taxes - This amendment has narrowed the scope of the initial recognition exemption so that it does not apply to transactions that give rise to equal and offsetting temporary differences. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2023. The Company has evaluated the amendment and there is no impact on its standalone financial statement.

BANGALORE * SHANGALORE ACCOUNTS

NCC URBAN INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED

Notes forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements as at March 31, 2023

NOTE: 3 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Plant and	Construction	Tools and	350					unoury)	(Amount in Crores)
Description	Machinery	Accessories	Equipment	Equipment	Furniture and Fixtures	Construction Vehicles	Office Vehicles	Lease Hold	Capital work in	Total
Cost as at March 31, 2022	14.31	10.51	0.55	181	0.03	CEU			Ser Soul	
Additions	1.35	7	0.13	100	0.00		57.1	1.06		30.83
Disposals	0.16			0.21	0.08	0.00	0.01			3.08
Cost as at March 31, 2023	03.31	14 01	17.0							0.16
Constitution of the consti	00.61	11.81	7970	2.02	101	0.42	1.26	1.06	3	33.75
Accumulated depreciation March 31, 2022	89'8	8.78	0.22	1.65	0.76	81.0	CT.01	500		01:00
Depreciation for the period	0.90	0.76	0.04	0.08	0.02	0.04	27.0	0.92		21.90
Depreciation on deletions	0.15					1000	0.00	0.01		1.93
Accumulated depreciation March 31, 2023	9.43	9.53	0.27	1.72	0.78	022	0.90	- 000		0.15
						No.	AD'O	0.72		23.68
Not Carring amount as at Mead, 21 2022	10 /	000								
the canying amount as at match 21, 2023	0.07	27.78	0.40	0.30	0.23	0.20	0.46	0.13		10.01



Notes forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements as at March 31, 2023

NOTE: 4 INVESTMENT PROPERTY

(Amount in Crores)

Description	Land	Building	Total
Cost as at March 31, 2022	43.22	5.72	- www.
Additions		2.30	48.94
Disposals		2.30	2.30
Cost as at March 31, 2023	43.22	8.02	51.24
Accumulated depreciation March 31, 2022		0.84	- 0.84
Depreciation for the period		0.22	0.22
Depreciation on deletions		2	- 0.22
Accumulated depreciation March 31, 2023	-	1.06	1.06
N. C.			
Net Carrying amount as at March 31, 2023	43.22	6.96	50.18

Fair value of the investment properties

In estimating the fair value of the properties, the highest and best use of the properties is their current use.

Details of the investment properties and information about the fair value hierarchy as at March 31, 2023 and March 31,2022, are as follows:

	Level 2	Level 3	Fair value as at 31.03.2023
Investment Property	51.24		51.24
Total	51.24	(+)	51.24

	Level 2	Level 3	Fair value as at 31.03.2022
Investment Property	48.94		48.94
Total	48.94		48.94



			(Amount i	n Crores)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2023		As at Marc 1 31, 2022	
	Nos.	Rupees	Nos	Rupees
NOTE - 5			-13/87	rapees
NON-CURRENT INVESTMENTS				
A)INVESTMENTS CARRIED AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH P&L				
Fully paid equity shares (unquoted)		90,69	-	78.67
B)DETAILS OF INVESTMENTS				70.0
IN ASSOCIATE)			
In Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each, fully paid up (Unquoted)		4		
Varapradha Real Estates Private Limited Add/(Less):	1,33,44,973	71.50	1,33,44,973	71.50
Share of Profit/(Loss) on Consolidation		19.19		8.72
Total		90.69		80.22



(Amount in Crores) Notes Description No As at March 31, 2023 As at March 31, 2022 OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS (Unsecured, considered good) Security Deposits Deposits - Joint Development (refer 6.a,6.b) 61.69 Deposits - Utilities and Others 6.66 0.53 Total 68.35 Deposits-Joint Development represents deposits with respective land owners against registered Joint Development Agreement (JDAss/Memorandum of Understanding(MOU). The lands under respective JDA's /MOU are in the possession of the company. The company is assessing the market scenario and accordingly initiate execution of the project/s at an appropriate time. Deposits - Joint development are interest free refundable deposits OTHER NON-CURRENT ASSETS Advances for Purchase of Land (refer 7.a) 2.34 Advances for Purchase of Land represent advances paid towards two properties during the years from 2005-2006 to 2008-2009, in respect of which agreements have expired. Company is confident of negotiating with the respective vendors for extension of the agreements and/or registration as pen mutually agreed terms or for recovery of advances. INVENTORIES 17.17 Work-in-progress 236.88 323.90 Finished Goods - Tiles Trading 0.10 2.49 Property & Development Cost 36.13 18.45 295.51 362.02 9 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (unsecured, considered good) Trade Receivables 62.10 65.1 62.10 Ageing of Trade receivables as per Schedule III requirements: 65.1.5 Undisputed Trade receivables - considered good (Amount in crores) As at March 31, 2022 Description As at March 31, 2023 Less than 6 months 46.36 47.25 6 months - 1 year 12.51 13.67 1-2 years 3.23 4.23 2 -3 years More than 3 years 62.10 65.15 Disputed Trade Receivables - considered good - Nil (Amount in Crores) Notes Description As at March 31, 2023 No As at March 31, 2022 10 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS: Cash on Hand 0.07 0.00 Balances with Scheduled Banks: - in Current Account 10.62 12.51 10.65 12.58 11 BANK BALANCES OTHER THAN ABOVE Balances with Scheduled Banks: - in Deposit Account (Lodged with banks for guarantees issued and Margin Money Deposits) (refer note no. 11.a) 5.12 Other Deposits 0.21 1.05 6.17 Rs. 0.36/- crores equal to three months interest in DSRA account as per the Facility terms with ICICL 11.a 12 OTHER CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSETS (Unsecured, considered good) Retention Money 2.54 0.76 Advances recoverable in cash or kind or for value to be received 0.70 0.70 Total 12.a No funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(tes), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries. 3.24 OTHER CURRENT ASSETS Other Loans and Advances (Unsecured, considered good) Advances to Suppliers, Sub-contractors and Others 13.28 Balances with Statutory Authorities 11.59 5.37 Prepaid Expenses 0.02 Total 24.91

BANGALORE * FRN: 0031355

NOTE 15: OTHER EQUITY

Particulars	1	Reserves and Surplus			Total	
	Retained Earnings	General Reserve	Security Premium	Actuarial Gain / (Loss)	L otal	
Balance at March 31, 2021 Profit for the year Other comprehensive income for the year	16.86 19.54	12.50	49.20	-0.20	78.3 19.5	
Balance at March 31, 2022 Profit for the period	36.40 54.48	12.50	49.20	-0.07 -0.27 -	-0.0 97.8 54.4	
Other comprehensive income for the period Balance at March 31, 2023	90.88	12.50	49.20	-0.16 -0.43	-0.16 152.1	



Notes forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements as at March 31, 2023

(Amount in Crores) Notes Description As at March 31, 2023 No As at March 31, 2022 14 SHARE CAPITAL Authorised 250,000,000 Equaty Shares of Rs.10/-each 250.00 250.00 250,00 Issued, Subscribed and Paid Up 250,000,000 Equity Shares of Rs.10/-each fully paid 250.00 250.00 Reconcilation of the number of Shares Outstanding: As at March 31, 2023 As at March 31, 2022 Description Number Number At the beginning of the year 25,00,00,000 Shares Issued during the year 15.00.00.000 10,00,00,000 At the end of the year 25,00,00,000 25,00,00,000 The company has only one class of shares - Equity shares having a par value of Rs. 10/- per each share. Each holder of equity share is entitled to one vote per share. The dividend proposed by the Board is subject to approval by the shareholders in the ens Annual General Meeting. In the event of liquidation, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive any of the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the numbers of equity shares held by the share Shares held by the Holding Company: 14.c As at March 31, 2023 Description Number Amount (Rs.) Number Amount (Rs.) NCC LIMITED - Holding Company 20,00,00,000 2,000.00 2,000.00 14.d Details of shareholders holding more than 5% of shares in the Company: As at March 31, 2023 As at March 31, 2022 Name of Shareholder % of Holding No. of Shares held % of Holding NCC LIMITED Holding Company 20,00,00,000 20,00,00,00 Mr. Narayana Raju Alluri 5,00,00,000 20% 5,00,00,000 20% Total 25,00,00,000 100% 25,00,00,000 100% Notes Description As at March 51, As at March 31, As at March 31, As at March 31. 16 BORROWINGS scured Term Lean Standard Chartered Bank Bank (refer 16.2.182.10) 0.00 31.48 Less ; Disclosed under Current Liabilitie Construction Equipment Loan - ICICI Bank (refer 16.b) Secured Term Loan - ICICI Bank (refer 16.c) 1.01 1.67 4.41 9.75 Less: Disclosed under Current Liabilities -4.41 -9.75 B) Unsecured From Holding company - (refer 16.d) 22.31 Less: Disclosed under Current Liabilities 22.31 1.01 16.a.i The company entered into a Facility Agreement with Standard Chartered Bank for availing term loan aggregating to Rs 65 Crores tobe utilised towards project development expenses of NCC Urban Mayfair Project, Yelhanka, Bengaluru North Taluk, Karnataka. The Loan has a tenor of 60 months with moratorium of 30 months followed by equated quarterly repayments commencing from 21st April 2023 The rate of interest aggregates to 10.04%. (a) First and Exclusive charge on Developer's share of land and constructed property of the Project NCC Urban Mayfair situated at Puttenahalli Village, Yelhanka, Bengaluru North Taluk, Karnataka. (b) Exclusive charge on cash flows (receivables) generated from developer's share of the Project (e) Corporate Guarantee of NCC Limited (d) ISRA in the form of lien-marked Fixed Deposit of an amount equivalent to 1 month interest of the total facility. (c) The Facility was closed during the Financial year through refinancing. 16.a.ii The Company has entered into another Facility agreement with Standard Chartered Bank for a term loan aggregating to Rs.95 Crores with inner Over Draft limit of 26 Crores. The Loan has a tenor of 46 months with moratorium of 27 months followed by equated quarterly repayments commencing from 24th April 2023. (a) First and Exclusive charge on Developer's share of land and constructed property of the Project NCC Urban Mayfair situated at Puttenahalli Village, Yelhanka, Bengaluru North Taluk, Karnataka. (b) Exclusive charge on cash flows (receivables) generated from developer's share of the Project (c) Letter of Comfort from NCC Limited (d) ISRA in the form of lien-marked Fixed Deposit of an amount equivalent to 1 month interest of the total facility. (e) The Facility was closed during the Financial Year.



Notes forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements as at March 31, 2023 Construction Equipment Loan ICICI Bank - Loans availed for purchase of Construction Equipments are secured by hypothecation of Construction Equipment acquired out of the said loans. These loans carry an interest rate of 7.30 % and repayable in 34 structured monthly installments. The Company has entered into a Facility agreement with ICICI Bank for a term loan aggregating to Rs.15 Crores with inner Over Draft limit of Rs. 2 Crores towards general corporate purposes The rate of interest 9.50%, repayable with 12 monthly installments from November 15, 2022. DSR equal to 3 months interest to be maintained. Unsecured Loan from Holding Company carry an interest rate of 11% p.a. The said Loan from NCC Limited is repaid during the Financial Year. No funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries. (Amount in Crores) As at March 31, 2022 Description As at March 31, 2023 No 17 PROVISIONS: for Gratuity for Leave Encashment 1.51 4.27 18 BORROWINGS A) Secured Term Loan - Adnya Birla Finance Limited - (refer 19.a) 15.64 From Directors (refer 19.b) Current maturities of long term horrowings - (refer 17) From Other Corporates (refer 19.b) 4.41 32.05 36.61 54.82 86.88 Total 41.02 102.52
The company during the Financial year 2020-21, entered into a Loan Agreement with Aditya Birla Finance Linited for availing term loan aggregating to Rs 30 crores. Term Loan carry an interest rate of 11.50% by securing Promoter Company Shares. Total outstanding was repaid during the period and the Company has requested for renewal for the term loan for Rs. 15.90 crores against which 15.64 crores were disbursed with an interest rate of 9.50% by securing Prompter Company Shares. The validity of the said Facility is fill October 31, 2022. The said Facility is repaid during the Financial Year. Total The Company has availed an Unsecured loan from Mr.NR. Alluri and Varapradha Real Estates Per Ltd which is an Associate to the Company. It carnes an interest @11% per annum and shall be repaid within a period of one year from the date of disbursement. The Unsecured loan from Mr. NR. Alluri is repaid during the Fanancial year 2021-2022. The Company has availed a short term Unsecuted loan from SBPL Infrastructure Ltd which carries an interest @12% per annum 19 TRADE PAYABLES 50.45 26.83 Services & Expenses 18.41 14.96 68.86 41.80 Schedule III Requirements: Trade Payables Ageing Schedule as on March 31, 2023 Description (Amount in crores)
Total Less than I year 1 -2 years 2 -3 years More than 3 MSME Others 44.63 5.34 0.21 68.76 Disputed dues-MSME Disputed dues other Total Trade Payables Ageing Schedule as on March 31, 2022 44.69 5,34 0.21 68.82 Less than I year 1-2 years 2-3 years More than 3 years MISMIE 11.22 0.22 Others 30.75 9.4 1.2 0.11 41.58 Disputed dues-MSME Disputed dues other Total 31.01 9.48 1.20 0.11 41.80 (Amount in crores) OTHER CURRENT FINANCIAL LIABILITIES Interest accrued but not du Interest due but not paid 0.03 0.03 Retention Money 11.81 Total 11.84 11.30 CURRENT TAX LIABILITIES Provision for Income Tax (Net of Advance Tax & Tax deduction at Source) 7.25 1.54 7.25 1.54 22 PROVISIONS Employee benefits 0.13 Leave Encashment 0.30 Total 0.33 0.43 OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES Advance from Customers Advance from Others 28.71 Statutory Dues Total

(m)

(iv)



89.31

Notes No	Description	Year Ended March 31, 2023		(Amount in Crores) Year Ended March 31, 2022	
24	REVENUE FROM	1 1			
	Real Estate Division	269.89		28 6.93	
	Tiles Trading Division	0.01	1.8	77.45.46.65.65.65.6	
	Works Contracts	107.20	1	60.10	
	Maintenance Income	8.84		6.8.12	
		0.04	385.94	6.88	361
	Less: GST, Service Tax and VAT		97700		
	Less: Rebates		23.75		18.
	Total	_	0.66 361.53	_	0
2.5			301.55	-	343.
25	OTHER INCOME Interest income - from Banks/Others			1	
	Profit on sale of Asset		0.30	1	0.
	Rental Income		0.03		0.
			4.36		2.
	Net Gain/(Loss) on foreign currency transactions Miscellaneous Receipts		-0.09	1	-0.0
	Fair Value Adjustments		1.72		0.
			2.05		2.
	Total	<u> </u>	8.38		6.
26	COST OF MATERIALS CONSUMED				
	Material Consumption				
	Cement	20.25		14.95	
	Steel	37.64		18.57	
	Other Construction Materials	37.69		50.81	
			95.58	50.61	84.
	Construction expenses				
	Contractor Work Bills	26.82		21.91	
- 1	Property development expenses	21.28	1	7.80	
	Stores and Spares	8.27		2.96	
1	Power Charges	2.56		1.37	
1	Transport Charges	0.65		0.47	
	Labour Charges	35.91	95.50	33.28	67.
	Total		191.08		450
27	CHANGES IN INVESTIGATION -		271.00	-	152,
27	CHANGES IN INVENTORIES OF FINISHED GOODS, STOCK-IN- TRADE AND WORK-IN-PROGRESS				
	Property development			1	
- 1	- Opening Balance	10.45		1999a - W	
1	- Closing Balance	18.45	4-0-0	17.44	
	Construction Work-in-Progress	36.13	-17.67	18.45	-1.0
	- Opening Balance	202.00			
	- Closing Balance	323.90	1	429.28	
	6	236.88		323.90	
	Total		87.02		105.3
	- 5101		69.35		105.

(Amount in Crores) Notes Year Ended March 31, Year Emded March 31, Description No 2023 2022 28 EMPLOYEES BENEFIT EXPENSES - Salaries and Other Benefits 18.31 13.18 - Contribution to Provident Fund and Other Funds 1.50 1.07 - Staff Welfare Expenses 0.43 0.25 Total 20.23 14.50 29 FINANCE COSTS Interest expense on Term Loans 1.09 5.78 Vehicle Loans 0.06 0.06 Others 6.23 22.08 7.39 27.93 Financial Charges Processing Charges 0.16 1.03 Comission on Bank Guarantee 0.24 Bank Charges 0.10 0.14 0.50 1.17 Total 7.89 29.09 30 OTHER EXPENSES Repairs and Maintenance - Machinery 1.13 0.12 - Others 1.40 0.91 Hire Charges for Machinery and Others 2.92 1.05 Technical Consultation 1.10 1.23 Watch and Ward 3.99 3.15 Assets written off 2.38 0.00 Rent, Rates and Taxes 2.19 2.19 Office Maintenance 1.08 0.71 Electricity & Water Charges 1.40 0.90 Postage, Telegrams and Telephones 0.13 0.12 Travelling and Conveyance 1.48 0.60 Printing and Stationery 0.26 0.25 Insurance 0.29 0.27 Advertisement 2.48 1.71 Legal and Professional Charges 2.98 0.67 Business Promotion Expenses 0.09 0.03 Auditors' Remuneration 0.09 0.10 Directors Sitting Fees 0.07 0.06 CSR Expenses 0.27 0.09 Marketing Expenses 0.98 0.82 Advances written off 3.11 Miscellaneous Expenses 0.42 0.10 Total 30.24 15.07



Notes forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements as at March 31, 2023 Additional information to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Employee Benefit plans

i. Defined contribution plan:

The Company makes Provident Fund contribution for qualifying employees. Under the Schemes, the Company is required to contribute a specified percentage of the payrolacosts to fund the benefits. The Company recognised Rs 1.40 Cr/- (March 31, 2022 Rs 0.99 Cr/-) for Provident Fund contributions in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

ii. Defined benefit plan:

The Company operates a gratuity plan covering qualifying employees. The benefit payable is the greater of the amount calculated as per the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972 or the Company operates a gratuity plan covering qualifying employees. The benefit vests upon completion of five years of continuous service and once vested it is payable to employees or retirement or on termination of employment. In case of death while in service, the gratuity is payable irrespective of vesting. The Company makes annual contribution to the group gratuity scheme administered by the Life Insurance Corporation of India through its Gratuity Trust Fund. Unfunded Liability for retiring gratuity as at March 31, 2023 is Rs 3.41 Cr/- (March 31, 2022: Rs 2.92 Cr/-). The liability for gratuity has been actuarially determined and provided for in the books.

Changes in Present Value of Obligation as at	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Present value of obligation as on last valuation	2.49	
Current Service Cost	0.25	2.25
Interest Cost	0.23	0.27
Participant Contribution	5/36/33/4	0.15
Plan Amendments: Vested portion at end of period(Past Service)	N/A	N/A
Plan Amendments: Non-Vested portion at end of period(Past Service)		·
Actuarial gain/loss on obligations due to Change in		*
Financial Assumption	-2/-	
Actuarial gain/loss on obligations due to Change in Demographic assumption	-0.13	-0.11
Actuarial gain/loss on obligations due to Unexpected Experience	5.4	*
Actuarial gain/loss on obligations due to Other reason	0.17	0.08
The effect of change in Foreign exchange rates	8	100
Benefits Paid		
Acquisition Adjustment	0.04	0.15
Disposal/Transfer of Obligation	1.	: 40
Curtailment cost		140
Settlement Cost	(*)	4
		20
Other(Unsettled Liability at the end of the valuation date)	581	140
Present value of obligation as on valuation date	2.92	2.49
Changes in Fair Value of Plan Assets as at	3134 1 2023	
Fair value of Plan Assets at Beginning of period	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Interest Income	0.02	0.01
Employer Contributions	0.00	0,00
Participant Contributions	0.05	0.05
Acquisition/Business Combination		
Settlement Cost		
Benefits Paid	20	*
The effect of asset ceiling	0.04	0.04
	-	2
The effect of change in Foreign Exchange Rates		
Administrative Expenses and Insurance Premium	12	100
Return on Plan Assets excluding Interest Income	0.01	0.01
Fair value of Plan Assets at End of measurement period	0.02	0.02
Table Showing Reconciliation to Balance Sheet	31 March 2023	
Funded Status		31 March 2022
Unrecognized Past Service Cost	-2.91	-2.91
Unrecognized Actuarial gain/loss at end of the period		*
Post Measurement Date Employer Contribution(Expected)		24
Unfunded Accrued/Prepaid Pension cost		
Fund Asset	N/A	N/A
Fund Liability	0.02	0.02
s mar canonity	2.92	2.92
Discount Rate	7.34%	
Expected Return on Plan Asset	6.97%	7.34%
Rate of Compensation Increase(Salary Inflation)	8.00%	6.97%
Pension Increase Rate	N/A	8.00° u
Average expected future service (Remaining working	18/18	N/A
ife)		
Average Duration of Liabilities	22 22	22
Annual of Property	1 44	22
Summary of Demographic Assumptions Particulars	Valuation Date	
Hortality Rate (as % of IALM (2012-14) Ult. Mortality Table)	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Neability Para (as % of above more lineary)	100%	100%
Disability Rate (as % of above mortality rate)	O ^{ne} Su.	00%
Sormal Retirement age	60 Years	60 Years
Attrition Rate	I o'u	140
oluntary Retirement	Ignored	Ignored



Expense Recognized in Statement of Profit/Loss as at	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Current Service Cost	0.27	0.27
Past Service Cost(vested)	-	-
Past Service Cost(Non-Vested)		
Net Interest Cost	0.17	0.17
Cost(Loss/(Gain) on settlement		-
Cost(Loss/(Gain) on curtailment	-	_
Net Actuarial Gain loss		-
Employee Expected Contribution	- 1	-
Net Effect of changes in Foreign Exchange Rates		
Benefit Cost(Expense Recognized in Statement of	1	-
Profit/loss)	0.44	0.44

Other Comprehensive Income	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Actuarial gain/loss on obligations due to Change in Financial Assumption	-0.13	-0.13
Actuarial gain/loss on obligations due to Change in Demographic assumption		-
Actuarial gain/loss on obligations due to Unexpected Experience	0.17	0.17
Actuarial gain/loss on obligations due to Other reason		0.17
Total Actuarial (gain)/losses	0.04	0.04
Return on Plan Asset, Excluding Interest Income	-0.01	-0.01
The effect of asset ceiling		
Balance at the end of the Period	0.06	0.06
Net(Income)/Expense for the Period Recognized in OCI	0.06	0.06

Sensitivity Analysis	31 March 2023		
Description	Increase	Decrease	
Discount Rate (-/+ 0.5%)	3.06	3.86	
%Change Compared to base due to sensitivity	-10.57%	12.57%	
Salary Growth (-/+ 0.5%)	3.78	3.10	
%Change Compared to base due to sensitivity	10.33%	-9.61%	
Attrition Rate (-/+ 0.5%)	3.42	3.43	
%Change Compared to base due to sensitivity	-0.19%	0.23%	

Sensitivity Analysis	31 March 2022		
Description	Increase	Decrease	
Discount Rate (-/+ 0.5%)	3.29	2.61	
%Change Compared to base due to sensitivity	-10.70%	12.80%	
Salary Growth (-/+ 0.5%)	3.24	0.00	
%Change Compared to base due to sensitivity	11.10%	-9.90%	
Attrition Rate (-/+ 0.5%)	2.91	0.00	
%Change Compared to base due to sensitivity	-0.40%	0.50%	
Table Showing expected return on Plan Asset at end Measurement Period	31 March 2023	31 March 2022	
Current liability Non-Current Liability	0.07 3.34	0.15 2.75	
Net Liability	3.41	2.91	

Ratios as per Schedule III Requirements:

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Particulars	31 March 2023	31 March 2022	Reasons for the variance more than 25 percent
Current Ratio:			
Current Assets	400.11	460.39	
Current Liabilities	218.61	276.04	4
Ratio:	1.83	1.67	4
Debt Equity Ratio:			
Total Debt	42.03	135.67	The said variance is due to the
Shareholder's Equity	402.15		significant reduction of debt of the
Ratio:	0.10		Company during the Financial year.
Debt Service Coverage Ratio:			. , ,
Net Profit + Depreciation + Interest cost	64.52	49.36	
Debt Service	93.64	196.81	
Ratio:	0.69	0.25	
Return on Equity Ratio:	•		
Net Profit	54.48	19.55	The variance in the ratio is due to the
Average Shareholder's Equity	374.99		improvement in the sales/operational
Ratio:	14.53%	5.78%	revenue of the Company during the Financial year
Inventory turnover ratio:			i mancan year
Revenue from Operations	361.53	212 12	71.
Average Inventory	328.77		The variance in the ratio is due to the
	320.77		improvement in the sales/operational
Ratio:	1.10		revenue of the Company during the Financial year



Particulars	31 March 2023	31 March 2022	Reasons for the variance more than 25 percent
Trade Receivables turnover ratio:			The state of the s
Revenue from Operations	361.53	228 24	The variance in the ratio is due to
Average Trade Receivables	63.62		improvement in sales.
Ratio:	5.68	2.50	
Trade Payable turnover ratio:		#JU	
Expenses for Trade paybles	191.08	152.11	
Average Trade Payables	55.33	34.42	
Ratio:	3.45	4.42	
Working Capital turnover ratio:		102	
Revenue from Operations	361.53	728 2.1	The said variance in the ratio is due to
Average Working Capital	182.86		the improvement in the liquidity
Ratio:	1.98		position of the Company and effective utilization of working capital.
Net profit ratio:		1,23	6-1
Net Profit	54.48	10.55	The variance in the ratio is due to
Revenue from Operations	361.53		improvement in the revenue.
Ratio:	15%	6%	amprovement in the revenue.
Return on Capital employed:		074	
PBT after Exceptional + Interest expenses	67.34	64.17	
Net Worth + Total Debt	444,19	483.50	
Ratio:	15.16%	13.27%	
Return on investment:	N/A	13.2779	

33 Corporate Social Resposibility

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2023	For the year ended March 31, 2023
Amount required to be spent by the Group during the year / period.	0.27	0.09
Amount of expenditure incurred.	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	0.05
Shortfall at the end of the year / period.	0.27	0.09
Total of previous years shortfall.	4 5 1	6. (6)
		29



Notes forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements as at March 31, 2023 Additional information to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Contingent Liability:

Bank Guarantees furnished to Statutory Authorities and Government hodies is Rs. 5.04 Crores/- (Previous Year Rs. 4.99 Crotes/-)

Earnings per Share 35

	(Aı	nount in Crores)
Particulars	Year Ended March 31, 2023	Year Ended March 31, 2022
Net Profit/(Loss) available for equity shareholders	54.48	19.54
	Nos.	Nos.
Weighted Average number of equity shares for Basic EPS	25,00,00,000	25,00,00,000
Weighted Average number of equity shares for Diluted EPS	25,00,00,000	25,00,00,000
Face value per share	10/-	10/-
Basic EPS	2.18	0.78
Diluted EPS	2.18	0.78

The subsidiary companies and Associate considered in the consolidated financial statements are:

Name of the Subsidiary	Country of Incorporation	Proportion of Ownership Interes		
		Current Year	Previous Year	
Dhatri Developers And Projects Private Limited	India	100%	100%	
Sushanti Avenues Private Limited	India	100%	100%	
Sushruta Real Estates Private Limited	India	100%	100%n	
CSVS Property Developers Private Limited	India	100%	100%	
JIC Homes Private Limited	India	100%	100° a	
MA Property Developers Private Limited	India	100%	100%	
Sushauthi Housing Private Limited	India	100%	100%	
Vera Avenues Private Limited	India	100%	100"	
Mallelavanam Property Developers Private Limited	India	100%	100%	
NCC Urban Homes Private Limited	India	100%	100%	
NCC Urlan Ventures Private Limited	India	100%	100%	
Associate:	A19385945	1	TOO 29.	
Varaprada Real Estates Private Limited	India	40%	40%	
Limited Liability Partnership Firms	CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE	307,00	4076	
AKHS Homes LLP	India	100%	100%	
Sri Raga Nivas Property Developers LLP	India	100%	100%	
VSN Property Developers LLP	India	100%		
Kedamath Real Estates LLP	India	100%	100%	
Nandvala Real Estates LLP	India	58303030	100**	
PRG Estates LLP	India	100%	100%	
Parilekya Real Estates LLP	// // // // // // // // // // // // //	100%	100%	
Farma Infrastructure LLP	India	100%	100%	
mina ministructure alar	Inclin	100%	100%	

Related Party Transactions

37.1 List of related parties and relationships:

A **Holding Company**

- 1 NCC Limited
- В Subsidiaries
 - CSVS Property Developers Private Limited
 Dhatri Developers Private Limited
- JIC Homes Private Limited
- MA Property Developers Private Limited Mallelavanam Property Developers Private Limited
- 6 Sushanti Housing Private Limited
- Sushrutha Real Estate Private Limited Sushanti Avenues Private Limited
- Vera Avenues Private Limited
- NCC Urban Ventures Private Limited
 NCC Urban Homes Private Limited

Limited Liability Partnership

- 1 AKHS Homes LLP
- Sri Raga Nivas Property Developers LLP VSN Property Developers LLP
- Kedarnath Real Estates LLP
- 5 Nandyala Real Estates LLP6 PRG Estates LLP
- Thrilekya Real Estates LLP
- 8 Varma Infrastructure LLP Fellow Subsidiary
- 1 Nagarjuna Construction Company International L.L.C.

Key Management Personnel (KMP) & relatives of KMP 1 Sri A.A.V.Ranga Raju, Director 2 Sri A.G.K.Raju, Director

- 3 Sri N.R. Alluri , Managing Director 4 Smt. A. Bharathi Raju, Whole Time Director 5 Sri J.S.R.Raju, Whole Time Director
- 6 Srinivasa Rao G, Chief Financial Officer 7 Rajesh Kumar Yadav, Company Secretary
- E Associates
 - 1 Varapradha Real Estates Private Limited
- Enterprises owned and significantly influenced by key management personnel or their relatives

1 Sirisha Projects Pvt Ltd



37.2. Related Party transactions during the year March 31, 2023 are as follows:

Particulars	11.10					(Amount in Crores)
	Company	Management Personnel and their relatives	Subsidiaries	Associate	Fellow Subsidiary	Enterprises owned and significantly influenced by key management personnel or their relatives
Unsecured Loans taken	4					2. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.
	- 4					
Unsecured Loans Repaid	22,31			18.21		
	127.18	23.50				
Advance granted/ (Received)		-				-
AND ALL PRIVATE OF THE PRIVATE OF TH			0.02		0.15	
Managerial Remuneration		3.26			-17,23	
4		1.16				
Remuneration to CFO and CS		0.39	- N			
	1	0.35				
Interest paid /Provided	0.75	0.54		4.83		
	13.21	0.54		The second secon		
Rent Paid/Provided	-			200		0.20
	0,05					0.30
	Credit Balan	ces as on March 31.	2023			0.30
NCC Limited						
	22.71					
Nagarjuna Construction Company International L.L.C.						
					0.01	
Variancello Real Ferras Pourse United				26.27	0,24	
varapinona wear fastates Private Emitted				54,57		
	Unsecured Loans taken Unsecured Loans Repaid Advance granted/ (Received) Managerial Remuneration Remuneration to CFO and CS Interest paid /Provided Rent Paid/Provided	Unsecured Loans taken Unsecured Loans Repaid 22.31 127.18 Advance granted/ (Received) Managerial Remuneration Remuneration to CFO and CS Interest paid / Provided 0.75 13.21 Rent Paid/Provided 0.95 Credit Balan NCC Limited Nagarjuna Construction Company International L.L.C.	Unsecured Loans taken Unsecured Loans Repaid Unsecured Loans Repaid 22.31 127.18 23.50 Advance granted/ (Received) Managerial Remuneration Managerial Remuneration Credit Balances as on March 31, 22, 31 Credit Balances as on March 31, 22, 31 Credit Balances as on March 31, 22, 31 NCC Limited Nagarjuna Construction Company International L.L.C.	Company Management Personnel and their relatives Management	Company Company Management Personnel and their relatives Management Manag	Company

37.3 Disclosure in respect of transactions which are more than 10% of the total transactions of the same type with related parties during the period.

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Unsecured Loans taken	AND TO SERVICE AND THE SERVICE	24, 2022
NCC Limited		
Narayana Raju Alluri		
Unsecured Loans repaid		
NCC Limited	22.04	
Advance granted/(Taken)	22.31	127.18
Varapradha Real Estates Private Limited	1001	
Interest paid/provided	18.21	-1.85
NCC Limited		
Varapradha Real Estates Private Limited	0.75	13.21
Managerial Remuneration	4,83	5.91
Sri N.R. Allori , Managing Director	767	
Smt. A. Bharathi Raju, Whole Time Director	1.80	1.16
Sri.J.S.R.Raju, Whole Time Director	0.73	0.58
Remuneration to CFO and CS:	0.73	0.58
Srinivasa Rao G, Chief Financial Officer	4220	
tajesh Kumar Yadav, Company Secretary	0.26	0.23
Rent Paid	0.13	0.12
NCC Limited		
interprises owned and significantly influenced by KMP or their relatives	0.30	0.05
The state of the femore	0.30	0.30

38 Deferred Tax Asset
Deferred Tax Asset as at March 31, 2023 comprises of the following.

	(A	mount in crores)
Description	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
(A) Deferred Tax Assets on Timing differences due to :		150000000000000000000000000000000000000
Provision for Leave Encashment and Granuty	1.55	1.37
Business loss		
Depreciation		-0.35
MAT Credit Entitlement	3.98	1.21
Total:	5.53	2.22
(B). Deferred Tax Liabilities on timing differences due to:		
Depreciation	-1.04	
Total:	10,000	N 9
	-1.04	
Net Deferred Tax Asset (A-B)	4.49	2.22

Deferred tax assets (Net)

Significant components of deferred tax (liabilities)/assets for the period ended March 31, 2023

	(Λ	mount in crores)
Description	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Deferred tax (liabilities)/assets in relation to:		Diff EVEZ
Property, plant and equipment	-1.04	-0.35
Provision for employee benefits	1.55	
Business Loss	1.53	
MAT Credit Entitlement		
SECT Groun Emmemoria	3.98	1.21
	4.49	2.22



Notes forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements as at March 31, 2023

Unrecognised deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits

(Amount in Crores)

	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax		
-long-term capital loss		
-unused business loss	-	-
	-	

Tax Expense

(Amount in Crores)

	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Current Tax	7.17	4.40
Deferred Tax	-2.20	0.03
Total	4.96	4.43

Reconciliation of tax expense to the accounting profit is as follows:

(Amount is cr		
	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Taxable profit / Loss from Business	59.45	33.20
Tax expense at statutory tax rate@ 26.75%	15.90	8.88
Adjustments:		10.000.00,110
Effect of income that is exempt from taxation	-2.80	-
Adjustments recognized in the current year in relation to the current tax of prior years	-0.69	-0.09
Effect of business loss and depreciation	- 1	-5.56
Effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable profit	1.30	0.71
Deferred tax adjustments	-2.20	9.26
Effect of capital gains set off with unused capital losses	- 1	0. (3.4) 5 * 0
Others	-6.54	0.46
Tax expense reported in the Statement of Profit and Loss	4.97	13.66

Financial instruments

Capital management

The Group's capital management objective is to maximise the total shareholder return by optimising cost of capital through flexible capital structure that supports growth. Further, the Group ensures optimal credit risk profile to maintain/enhance credit rating.

The Group determines the amount of capital required on the basis of annual operating plan and long-term strategic plans. The funding requirements are met through internal accruals and long-term/short-term borrowings. The Group monitors the capital structure on the basis of Net debt to equity ratio and maturity profile of the overall debt portfolio of the Group.

For the purpose of capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, securities premium and all other revenue reserves. Net debt includes all long and short-term borrowings as reduced by cash and cash equivalents.

The following table summarises the capital of the Group:

(Amount in Co		
	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Equity	402.15	347.83
Short-term borrowings and current portion of long-term debt	41.02	102.52
Long-term debt	1.01	33.15
Cash and cash equivalents	-10.69	-12.58
Net debt	31.35	123.09
Total capital (equity + net debt)	433.50	470.93

Categories of financial instruments

(Amount in Crores)

	As at March 31, 2023 As at March 31, 2022			
	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022		
Financial assets				
Measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)				
Mandatorily measured:				
Equity investments in other entities	90.69	80.22		
JDA Deposits	61.69	58.04		
Measured at amortised cost		-		
Cash and bank balances	14.34	18.74		
Measured at cost				
Trade and other receivables	62.10	65.15		
Other current financial assets	3.24	1.46		
Financial liabilities		****		
Borrowings	42.03	135.67		
Other Financial Liabilities -Measured at cost	11.84	11.30		

Liquidity risk management

The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves, banking facilities and reserve borrowing facilities, by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows, and by matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of financial liabilities including estimated interest payments as at March 31, 2023:

(Amount in Crores					
	Carrying amount	upto 1 year	1-3 year	More than 3 year	Total contracted cash flows
Accounts payable and acceptances	68.86	68.86		-	68.86
Borrowings and interest thereon	42.03	41.02	1.01		42.03
Other financial liabilities	11.84	11.84	-		11.84
Total	122.74	121.73	1.01	-	122.74



The table below provides details of financial assets as at March 31, 2023:

Carrying value is Fair value	(Amount in Crores)
Trade receivables	Carrying amount
Trade receivables Investments	62.10
Louis	90.69
Other financial assets	68.48
Cash and cash equivalents	3.24
Bank balances other than Cash and Cash equivalents	10.69
Total	3.53
	238.72

The table below provides details regarding the contractual manurities of financial liabilities including estimated interest payments as at March 31, 2022:

(e) (i) e)	Carrying amount	upto 1 year	1-3 year	More than 3 year	Total contracted cash flows
Accounts payable and acceptances	41.80	41.80			41.80
Borrowings and interest thereon*	135.67	102,52	33.15	252.00	387.67
Other financial liabilities	11.30	11,30			11,30
Total	188.76	155.61	33.15	252.00	440.76

The table below provides details of financial assets as at March 31, 2022: Carrying value is Fair value

	(Amount in Crores)
	Carrying
Trade receivables	amount
Investments	65.15
Loans	80.22
Other financial assets	58.56
Cash and cash equivalents	1.46
Bank balances other than Cash and Cash equivalents	12.58
Total	6.17
	224.13

Financial risk management objectives

The Company has adequate internal processes to assess, monitor and manage financial risks. These risks include market risk (including interest rate risk) and credit risk.

il No.	Particulars	Net Assets i.e. Total Assets minos Total Liabilities		Net Assets i.e. Total Assets minus Share in profit or loss Total Liabilities		mount in Crores ofit or loss
11 140.		As % of Consolidated net assets	Amount in Cr	As % of Consolidated Profit or loss	Amount in Cr	
	LONG TERM (AT COST)					
	NCC URBAN INFRASTRUCTURE LTD - STANDALONE INVESTMENTS SUBSIDARIES :-	95.1%	382,54	80.8%	44.04	
	In Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each, fully paid up (Unquoted)					
1	CSVS Property Developers Private Limited	0.5" =	1.83	0.0%	0.00	
	Dhatri Developers Private Limited	1.9%	7,55	0.0%	0.00	
3	HC Homes Private Limited	0.5%	1.84	0.0%	0.00	
4	M A Property Developers Private Limited	0.4%	1.76	0.0%	0.00	
5	Mallelavanam Property Developers Private Limited	0.2%	1.00	0.0%	0.00	
	Sushanti Housing Private Limited	0,4%	1.76	0.0%	0.00	
	Sushrutha Real Estate Private Limited	0.6%	2.30	0.0%	0.00	
	Sushanti Avenues Private Limited	1.3%	5.39	0.0%	0.00	
	Vera Avenues Private Limited	0.4%	1,42	0.0%		
	NGC Urban Ventures Private Limited	0.0%	0.02	0.0%	0.00	
	NCC Urban Homes Private Limited	0.0%	0.02	0.0%	0,00	
	LIMITED LIABILITY PARTNERSHIP	VIDENCE OF	.0.02	1/34/0	0.00	
	Capital Contribution	- 1				
2003	AKHS Homes LLP	0.8%	3.11	0.0%	0.00	
	Sri Raga Nivas Property Developers LLP	0.8*	3.35	0.0%	0.00	
	SN Property Developers LLP	0,8%	3.35	0.0%	0.00	
	Kedamath Real Estates LLP	0.3%	1.40	0.0%	0.01	
	Nandyala Real Estates LLP	0.7%	2.79	0.0%	0.01	
23.5	PRG Estates LLP	0.4%	1.45	0.00 #	0.00	
	Thrilekya Real Estates LLP	0.4%	1.55	0.0%	0.00	
100	anna Infrastructure LLP	0.4%	1.71	0.0%	0.00	
	N ASSOCIATE		2.00.5	17.50 v II	0.00	
	In Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each, fully paid up (Unquoted)					
1 1	'ampradha Real Estates Private Limited	22.6%	90.69	19.2%	10.47	
- 10	Consolidation adjustments	-28.5" "	-114.69	0.0%	13647	
	Total	100%	402.15	100%	54.52	

fiances and Limited Liability Partnership firms include interest free unsecured loans of Rs. 34.27 Crores as at March 31, 2023 (as at March 31, 2022, Rs 32.22 Crores)

These loans are equity support and capital contribution in nature and given for the purpose of investments in the assets of the respective entities and are repayable as and when such assets are liquidated.

In view of the same, the said loans/capital contribution given were treated as investments and added to the initial cost of the equity instruments Market risk

The Company's financial instruments are exposed to market rate changes. The Company is exposed to the following significant market risks: Interest rate risk

Market risk exposures are measured using sensitivity analysis. There has been no change to the Company's exposure to market risks or the manner in which these risks are being managed and measured.

Interest rate risk management

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Company's debt obligations with floating interest rates and investments.

The Company's horrowings majorly consists of Project funding loans, having fixed rate of interest (re-stated at every 3 years interval).



Notes forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements as at March 31, 2023

Credit risk management

Credit risk refers to the risk that counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company.

The company primarily deals with the real estate sales. The possession of the properties is handed over to the customers only after the receipt of the entire sale consideration with respect to the sales. Hence, the credit risk with respect to the sales / receivables is limited.

Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities

Particulars	As at March	As at March 31, 2023		(Amount in Crores) As at March 31, 2022	
	Carrying amount	Fair value	Carrying	Fair value	
Financial assets			amount		
Financial assets at amortised cost:					
(a) Cash and bank balances	14.21	0.0023	10.20		
(c) Trade receivables		14.21	18.74	18.74	
(b) Other financial assets	62.10	62.10	65.15	65.15	
CA STATE STA	3.24	3.24	1.46	1.46	
Financial liabilities					
Financial liabilities at amortised cost:		5.65	- 1		
(a) Borrowings	42.03	0200	00000		
(b) Trade payables	11000000	42.03	135.67	135.67	
c) Other Financial liabilities	68.86	68.86	41.80	41.80	
Note: In case of trade receivables, cash and cash equivalents, trade payal	11.84	11.84	11.30	11.30	

arraying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.

- The Code on Social Security, 2020 (*Code*) relating to employee benefits during employment and post-employment benefits received Presidential assent in September 2020. The Code has been published in the Gazette of India. However, the date on which the Code will come into effect has not been notified. The Company will assess the impact of the Code when it comes into effect and will record any related impact in the period when the Code becomes effective.
- Figures of previous year have been regrouped/re-arranged wherever necessary to confirm to the current year

Signatures to the Notes of Accounts 1 to 43

For and on behalf of the Board

for K.P.Rao & Co. Chartered Accountants FRN 003135S

Membership No: 029340

Place: Hyderabad Hyderabad: May 02, 2023 N.R.Alluri Managing Director DIN:00026723

Chief Financial Officer

I.S.R.Raju Director DIN:01158196

Kumar Yadav

